DEPARTMENT OF HIGHER EDUCATION

RAJA MAHENDRA PRATAP SINGH UNIVERSITY, ALIGARH



As per the ICAR-Sixth Deans' Committee

Course Curriculum of-

M.Sc. (Ag.) AGRONOMY

M.Sc. (Ag.) Genetics and

Plant Breeding

AND

M.Sc. (Ag.) Plant Pathology

Detailed syllabus M.Sc.Agronomy 1st Semester

(AGR 501*) Modern Concepts in Crop Production 3(3+0)

Theory

Unit I

Crop growth analysis in relation to environment; geo-ecological zones of India.

Unit II

Quantitative agro-biological principles and inverse yield nitrogen law; Mitscherlichyield equation, its interpretation and applicability; Baule unit.

Unit III

Effect of lodging in cereals; physiology of grain yield in cereals; optimization ofplant population and planting geometry in relation to different resources, conceptof ideal plant type and crop modeling for desired crop yield.

Unit IV

Scientific principles of crop production; crop response production functions; conceptof soil plant relations; yield and environmental stress, use of growth hormones andregulators for better adaptation in stressed condition.

Unit V

Integrated farming systems, organic farming, and resource conservation technologyincluding modern concept of tillage; dry farming; determining the nutrient needsfor yield potentiality of crop plants, concept of balance nutrition and integrated nutrient management; precision agriculture. Modern crop production concepts: soilless cultivation, Aeroponic, Hydroponic, Robotic and terrace farming. use of GIS, GPS and remote sensing in modern agriculture, precision farming and protected agriculture.

- Balasubramaniyan P and Palaniappan SP. 2001. Principles and Practices of Agronomy. Agrobios.
- Fageria NK. 1992. Maximizing Crop Yields. Marcel Dekker.
- Havlin JL, Beaton JD, Tisdale SL and Nelson WL. 2006. *Soil Fertility and Fertilizers*. 7thEd. Prentice Hall.
- Paroda R.S. 2003. Sustaining our Food Security. Konark Publ.
- Reddy SR. 2000. Principles of Crop Production. Kalyani Publ.
- Sankaran S and Mudaliar TVS. 1997. *Principles of Agronomy*. The Bangalore Printing & Publ
- Singh SS. 2006. Principles and Practices of Agronomy. Kalyani.
- Alvin PT and kozlowski TT (ed.). 1976. *Ecophysiology of Tropical Crops*. Academia Pul., New York.
- Gardner PP, Pearce GR and Mitchell RL. 1985. *Physiology of Crop Plants*. Scientific Pub.Jodhpur.
- Lal R. 1989. Conservation tillage for sustainable agriculture: Tropics versus TemperateEnvironments. Advances in Agronomy 42: 85-197.
- Wilsie CP. 1961. Crop Adaptation and Distribution. Euresia Pub., New Delhi.

Theory

Unit I

Weed biology, and ecology and classification, crop-weed competition includingallelopathy; principles and methods ofweed control and classification management; weed indices, weed shift in different eco-systems

Unit II

Herbicides introduction and history of their development; classification based onchemical, physiological application and selectivity; mode and mechanism of actionof herbicides.

Unit III

Herbicide structure - activity relationship; factors affecting the efficiency ofherbicides; herbicide formulations, herbicide mixtures, sequential application ofherbicides, rotation; weed control through use ofnano-herbicides and bio-herbicides,myco-herbicides bio-agents, and allelochemicals; movement of herbicides in soiland plant, Degradation of herbicides in soil and plants; herbicide resistance, residue,persistence and management; development of herbicide resistance in weeds and crops and their management, herbicide combination and rotation.

Unit IV

Weed management in major crops and cropping systems; alien, invasive and parasiticweeds and their management; weed shifts in cropping systems; aquatic and perennialweed control; weed control in non-crop area.

Unit V

Integrated weed management; recent development in weed management- robotics, use of drones and aeroplanes, organic etc., cost: benefit analysis of weedmanagement.

Practical

- Identification of important weeds of different crops, Preparation of a weedherbarium, Weed survey in crops and cropping systems, Crop-weed competitionstudies, Weed indices calculation and interpretation with data, Preparation of spray solutions of herbicides for high and low-volume sprayers, Use of various types of spray pumps and nozzles and calculation of swath width, Economics of weed control, Herbicide resistance analysis in plant and soil,
- Bioassay of herbicide resistance residues,
- Calculation of herbicidal herbicide requirement

- Böger, Peter, Wakabayashi, Ko, Hirai, Kenji (Eds.). 2002. *Herbicide Classes in Development.Mode of Action, Targets, Genetic Engineering, Chemistry*. Springer.
- Chauhan B and Mahajan G. 2014. Recent Advances in Weed Management. Springer
- Das TK. 2008. Weed Science: Basics and Applications, Jain Brothers (New Delhi).
- Fennimore, Steven A and Bell, Carl. 2014. *Principles of Weed Control*, 4th Ed, CaliforniaWeed Sci. Soc.
- Gupta OP. 2007. Weed Management: Principles and Practices, 2nd Ed.
- Jugulan, Mithila (ed). 2017. Biology, Physiology and Molecular Biology of Weeds. CRC Press
- Monaco TJ, Weller SC and Ashton FM. 2014. Weed Science Principles and Practices, Wiley
- Powles SB and Shaner DL. 2001. Herbicide Resistance and World Grains, CRC Press.
- Walia US. 2006. Weed Management, Kalyani.

• Zimdahl RL. (ed). 2018. *Integrated Weed Management for Sustainable Agriculture, B. D.Sci. Pub.*

(AGR 503) Agronomy of Oilseed, Fibre and Sugar Crops

3 (2+1)

Theory

Origin and history, area and production, classification, improved varieties, adaptability, climate, soil, water and culturalrequirements, nutrition, qualitycomponent, handling and processing of the produce for maximum production of:

Unit I

Rabi oilseeds – Rapeseed and mustard, Linseed and Niger

Unit II

Kharif oilseeds - Groundnut, Sesame, Castor, Sunflower, Soybean and Safflower

Unit III

Fiber crops - Cotton, Jute, Ramie and Mesta.

Unit IV

Sugar crops – Sugar-beet and Sugarcane.

Practical

- Planning and layout of field experiments
- Cutting of sugarcane setts, its treatment and methods of sowing, tying andpropping of sugarcane
- Determination of cane maturity and calculation on purity percentage, recoverypercentage and sucrose content in cane juice phenological studies at different growth stages of crop
- Intercultural operations in different crops
- Cotton seed treatment
- Working out growth indices (CGR, RGR, NAR, LAI, LAD, LAR, LWR, SLA, SLWetc)
- Assessment of land use and yield advantage (Rotational intensity, Croppingintensity, Diversity Index, SustainableYield Index Crop Equivalent Yield, LandEquivalent ration, Aggressiveness, Relative Crowding Coefficient, CompetitionRatio and ATER etc)
- Judging of physiological maturity in different crops and working out harvest index
- Working out cost of cultivation of different crops
- Estimation of crop yield on the basis of yield attributes
- Formulation of cropping schemes for various farm sizes and calculation of cropping and rotational intensities
- Determination of oil content in oilseeds and computation of oil yield
- Estimation of quality of fibre of different fibre crops
- Study of seed production techniques in various crops
- Visit of field experiments on cultural, fertilizer, weed control and watermanagement aspects
- Visit to nearby villages for identification of constraints in crop production

- Das NR. 2007. Introduction to Crops of India. Scientific Publ.
- Das PC. 1997. Oilseed Crops of India. Kalyani.
- Lakshmikantam N. 1983. Technology in Sugarcane Growing. 2nd Ed. Oxford & IBH.
- Prasad Rajendra. 2002. Text Book of Field Crop Production. ICAR.
- Singh C, Singh P & Singh R. 2003. *Modern Techniques of Raising FieldCrops*. Oxford &IBH.

• Singh SS. 1998. Crop Management. Kalyani.

(AST 501) Experimental Designs 3(2+1)

Theory

Unit I

Need for designing of experiments, characteristics of a good design. Basic principlesof designs-randomization, replication and local control.

Unit II

Uniformity trials, size and shape of plots and blocks, Analysis of variance, Completelyrandomized design, randomized block design and Latin square design.

Unit III

Factorial experiments, (symmetrical as well as asymmetrical). orthogonality and partitioning of degrees of freedom. Concept of confounding.

Unit IV

Split plot and strip plot designs, analysis of covariance and missing plot techniquesin randomized block and Latin square designs; Transformations, BalancedIncomplete Block Design, resolvable designs and their applications, Lattice design, alpha design - concepts, randomization procedure, analysis and interpretation of results. Response surfaces. Combined analysis.

Practical

- Uniformity trial data analysis, formation of plots and blocks, Fairfield Smith Law, Analysis of data obtained from CRD, RBD, LSD, Analysis of factorial experiments,
- Analysis with missing data,
- Split plot and strip plot designs.

Suggested Reading

- Cochran WG and Cox GM. 1957. Experimental Designs. 2nd Ed. John Wiley.
- Dean AM and Voss D. 1999. Design and Analysis of Experiments. Springer.
- Montgomery DC. 2012. Design and Analysis of Experiments, 8th Ed. John Wiley.
- Federer WT. 1985. Experimental Designs. MacMillan.
- Fisher RA. 1953. Design and Analysis of Experiments. Oliver & Boyd.
- Nigam AK and Gupta VK. 1979. *Handbook on Analysis of Agricultural Experiments*. IASRI Publ.
- Pearce SC. 1983. The Agricultural Field Experiment: A Statistical Examination of Theory and Practice. John Wiley.
- www.drs.icar.gov.in.

(PGS 501) BASIC CONCEPTS IN LABORATORY TECHNIQUES 1(0+1) Practical

- Safety measures while in Lab;
- Handling of chemical substances;
- Use of burettes, pipettes, measuring cylinders, flasks, separatory funnel, condensers, micropipettes and vaccupets;
- Washing, drying and sterilization of glassware;
- Drying of solvents/ chemicals;

- Weighing and preparation of solutions of different strengths and their dilution;
- Handling techniques of solutions;
- Preparation of different agro-chemical doses in field and pot applications;
- Preparation of solutions of acids;
- Neutralisation of acid and bases;
- Preparation of buffers of different strengths and pH values;
- Use and handling of microscope, laminar flow, vacuum pumps, viscometer, thermometer, magnetic stirrer, micro-ovens, incubators, sandbath, waterbath, oilbath
- Electric wiring and earthing;
- Preparation of media and methods of sterilization;
- Seed viability testing, testing of pollen viability;
- Tissue culture of crop plants;
- Description of flowering plants in botanical terms in relation to taxonomy.

Suggested Readings

- Furr AK. 2000. CRC Hand Book of Laboratory Safety. CRC Press
- Gabb MH and Latchem WE. 1968. *A Handbook of Laboratory Solutions*. Chemical Publ. Co.

(PGS 502) Intellectual Property and Its Management In Agriculture 1(1+0)

Theory

Historical perspectives and need for the introduction of Intellectual Property Rightregime; TRIPs and various provisions in TRIPS Agreement; Intellectual Property and Intellectual Property Rights (IPR), benefits of securing IPRs; Indian Legislations for the protection of various types of Intellectual Properties; Fundamentals ofpatents, copyrights, geographical indications, designs and layout, trade secrets andtraditional knowledge, trademarks, protection of plant varieties and farmers' rightsand biodiversity protection; Protectable subject matters, protection in biotechnology, protection of other biological materials, ownership and period of protection; NationalBiodiversity protection initiatives; Convention on Biological International Treaty on Plant Genetic Resources for Food and Agriculture; Licensing oftechnologies, Material transfer agreements, Research collaboration Agreement, License Agreement.

- Erbisch FH and Maredia K.1998. *Intellectual Property Rights in Agricultural Biotechnology*. CABI.
- Ganguli P. 2001. *Intellectual Property Rights: Unleashing Knowledge Economy*. McGraw-Hill.
- Intellectual Property Rights: Key to New Wealth Generation. 2001. NRDC and Aesthetic Technologies.
- Ministry of Agriculture, Government of India. 2004. *State of Indian Farmer*. Vol. V.Technology Generation and IPR Issues. Academic Foundation.
- Rothschild M and Scott N. (Ed.). 2003. *Intellectual Property Rights in Animal Breeding and Genetics*. CABI.
- Saha R. (Ed.). 2006. Intellectual Property Rights in NAM and Other Developing Countries: A Compendium on Law and Policies. Daya Publ. House.

- The Indian Acts Patents Act, 1970 and amendments; Design Act, 2000; Trademarks
- Act, 1999; The Copyright Act, 1957 and amendments; Layout Design Act, 2000;
- PPV and FR Act 2001, and Rules 2003; The Biological Diversity Act, 2002.

2ndSemester

(AGR 504*) Principal and Practices of Soil Fertility and NutrientsManagement 3(2+1) Theory

Unit I

Soil fertility and productivity - factors affecting; features of good soil management; problems of supply and availability of nutrients; relation between nutrient supply and crop growth; organic farming - basic concepts and definitions.

Unit II

Criteria of essentiality of nutrients; Essential plant nutrients – their functions, nutrient deficiency symptoms; transformation and dynamics of major plant nutrients.

Unit III

Preparation and use of farmyard manure, compost, green manures, vermicompost, biofertilizers and other organic concentrates their composition, availability and crop responses; recycling of organic wastes and residue management. Soil less cultivation.

Unit IV

Commercial fertilizers; composition, relative fertilizer value and cost; crop response to different nutrients, residual effects and fertilizer use efficiency; agronomic, chemical and physiological, fertilizer mixtures and grades; methods of increasing fertilizer use efficiency; nutrient interactions.

Unit V

Time and methods of manures and fertilizers application; foliar application and its concept; relative performance of organic and inorganic nutrients; economics of fertilizer use; integrated nutrient management; use of vermincompost and residue wastes in crops.

Practical

- Determination of soil pH and soil EC
- Determination of soil organic C
- Determination of available N, P, K and S of soil
- Determination of total N, P, K and S of soil
- Determination of total N, P, K, S in plant
- Computation of optimum and economic yield

- Brady NC and Weil RR. 2002. *The Nature and Properties of Soils*. 13th Ed. Pearson Edu.
- Fageria NK, Baligar VC and Jones CA. 1991. *Growth and Mineral Nutrition of Field Crops*. Marcel Dekker.
- Havlin JL, Beaton JD, Tisdale SL and Nelson WL. 2006. *Soil Fertility and Fertilizers*. 7thEd. Prentice Hall.
- Prasad R and Power JF. 1997. Soil Fertility Management for Sustainable Agriculture. CRCPress.
- Yawalkar KS, Agrawal JP and Bokde S. 2000. *Manures and Fertilizers*. Agri-Horti Publ.

(AGR 505) Agronomy of Major Cereals and Pulses 2(2+0)

Theory

Origin and history, area and production, classification, improved varieties, adaptability, climate, soil, water and cultural requirements, nutrition, qualitycomponents, handling and processing of the produce for maximum production of:

Unit I: Rabi cereals.
Unit II: Kharif cereals.
Unit III: Rabi pulses.
Unit IV: Kharif pulses.

Practical

- Phenological studies at different growth stages of crop
- Estimation of crop yield on the basis of yield attributes
- Formulation of cropping schemes for various farm sizes and calculation of cropping and rotational intensities
- Working out growth indices (CGR, RGR, NAR, LAI, LAD, LAR, LWR, SLA, SLWetc)
- Assessment of land use and yield advantage (Rotational intensity, Croppingintensity, Diversity Index, Sustainable Yield Index Crop Equivalent Yield, LandEquivalent ration, Aggressiveness, Relative Crowding Coefficient, CompetitionRatio and ATER etc)
- Estimation of protein content in pulses
- Planning and layout of field experiments
- Judging of physiological maturity in different crops
- Intercultural operations in different crops
- Determination of cost of cultivation of different crops
- Working out harvest index of various crops
- Study of seed production techniques in selected crops
- Visit of field experiments on cultural, fertilizer, weed control and watermanagement aspects
- Visit to nearby villages for identification of constraints in crop production

Resources

- Das NR. 2007. Introduction to Crops of India. Scientific Publ.
- Hunsigi G and Krishna KR. 1998. Science of Field Crop Production. Oxford & IBH.
- Jeswani LM and Baldev B. 1997. Advances in Pulse Production Technology. ICAR.
- Khare D and Bhale MS. 2000. Seed Technology. Scientific Publ.
- Kumar Ranjeet and Singh NP. 2003. *Maize Production in India: Golden Grain in Transition*.IARI, New Delhi.
- Pal M, Deka J and Rai RK. 1996. Fundamentals of Cereal Crop Production. Tata McGrawHill.
- Prasad Rajendra. 2002. Text Book of Field Crop Production. ICAR.
- Singh C, Singh P and Singh R. 2003. *Modern Techniques of Raising FieldCrops*. Oxford &IBH.
- Singh SS. 1998. Crop Management. Kalyani.
- Yadav DS. 1992. Pulse Crops. Kalyani.

(AGR 506) Agrostology and Agro-forestry 3(2+1)

Theory Unit I

Agrostology: definition and importance; principles of grassland ecology: grassland ecology – community, climax, dominant species, succession, biotype, ecological status of grasslands in India, grass cover of India; problems and management of grasslands.

Unit II

Importance, classification (various criteria), scope, status and research needs of pastures; pasture establishment, their improvement and renovation-natural pastures, cultivated pastures; common pasture grasses.

Unit III

Agroforestry: definition and importance; agroforestory systems, agrisilviculture, silvipasture, agrisilvipasture, agrisilvipasture, aquasilviculture, alley cropping and energy plantation.

Unit IV

Crop production technology in agro-forestory and agrostology system; silvipastoral system: meaning and importance for wasteland development; selection of species, planting methods and problems of seed germination in agro-forestry systems; irrigation and manuring in agro-forestry systems, associative influence in relation to above ground and underground interferences; lopping and coppicing in agroforestry systems; social acceptability and economic viability, nutritive value of trees; tender operation; desirable tree characteristics.

Practical

- Preparation of charts and maps of India showing different types of pastures and agroforestry systems
- Identification of seeds and plants of common grasses, legumes and trees of economicimportance with reference to agro-forestry
- Seed treatment for better germination of farm vegetation
- Methods of propagation/ planting of grasses and trees in silvipastoral system
- Fertilizer application in strip and silvipastroal systems
- After-care of plantation
- Estimation of protein content in loppings of important fodder trees
- Estimation of calorie value of wood of important fuel trees
- Estimation of total biomass and fuel wood
- Economics of agro-forestry
- Visit to important agro-forestry research stations

- Chatterjee BN and Das PK. 1989. Forage Crop Production. Principles and Practices. Oxford& IBH.
- Dabadghao PM and Shankaranarayan KA. 1973. The Grass Cover in India. ICAR.
- Dwivedi AP. 1992. Agroforestry- Principles and Practices. Oxford & IBH.
- Indian Society of Agronomy. 1989. Agroforestry System in India. Research and Development, New Delhi.
- Narayan TR and Dabadghao PM. 1972. Forage Crop of India. ICAR, New Delhi.

(AST 502) Data Analysis Using Statistical Packages 3(2+1)

Theory

Unit I

Introduction to various statistical packages: Excel, R, SAS, SPSS. Data Preparation; Descriptive statistics; Graphical representation of data, Exploratory data analysis.

Unit II

Test for normality; Testing of hypothesis using chi-square, t and F statistics and Z-test.

Unit III

Data preparation for ANOVA and ANCOVA, Factorial Experiments, contrastanalysis, multiple comparisons, Analyzing crossed and nested classified designs.

Unit IV

Analysis of mixed models; Estimation of variance components; Correlation andregression analysis, Probit, Logit and Tobit Models.

Unit V

Discriminant function; Factor analysis; Principal component analysis; Analysis oftime series data, Fitting of non-linear models; Neural networks.

Practical

- Use of software packages for summarization and tabulation of data, obtaining descriptive statistics, graphical representation of data
- Testing the hypothesis for one sample *t*-test, two sample *t*-test, paired *t*-test, test for large samples Chi-squares test, F test, one-way analysis of variance;
- Designs for Factorial Experiments, fixed effect models, random effect models, mixed effect models, estimation of variance components;
- Linear regression, Multiple regression, Regression plots
- Discriminant analysis fitting of discriminant functions, identification of important variables
- Factor analysis. Principal component analysis obtaining principal component.

- Anderson C.W. and Loynes R.M. 1987. *The Teaching of Practical Statistics*. John Wiley.
- Atkinson A.C. 1985. *Plots Transformations and Regression*. Oxford University Press.
- Chambers J.M., Cleveland W.S., Kleiner B and Tukey P.A. 1983. *Graphical Methods for Data Analysis*. Wadsworth, Belmount, California.
- Chatfield C. 1983. *Statistics for Technology*. 3rd Ed. Chapman & Hall. Chatfield C. 1995. *Problem Solving: A Statistician's Guide*. Chapman & Hall.
- Cleveland W.S. 1985. The Elements of Graphing Data. Wadsworth, Belmont, California.
- Ehrenberg ASC. 1982. A Primer in Data Reduction. John Wiley.
- Erickson B.H. and Nosanchuk T.A. 1992. *Understanding Data*. 2nd Ed. Open University Press, Milton Keynes.
- Snell E.J. and Simpson HR. 1991. *Applied Statistics: A Handbook of GENSTAT Analyses*. Chapman and Hall.
- Sprent P. 1993. Applied Non-parametric Statistical Methods. 2nd Ed. Chapman & Hall.

- Tufte ER. 1983. *The Visual Display of Quantitative Information*. Graphics Press, Cheshire, Conn.
- Velleman PF and Hoaglin DC. 1981. Application, Basics and Computing of Exploratory Data Analysis. Duxbury Press.
- Weisberg S. 1985. Applied Linear Regression. John Wiley.
- Wetherill GB. 1982. Elementary Statistical Methods. Chapman & Hall.

(PGS 503)- Agricultural Research, Research Ethics and Rural Development Programmes 1 (1+0)

Theory:

UNIT I

History of agriculture in brief; Global agricultural research system: need, scope, opportunities; Role in promoting food security, reducing poverty and protectingthe environment; National Agricultural Research Systems (NARS) and Regional Agricultural Research Institutions; Consultative Group on International Agricultural Research (CGIAR): International Agricultural Research Centres (IARC), partnershipwith NARS, role as a partner in the global agricultural research system, strengthening capacities at national and regional levels; International fellowships for scientific mobility.

UNIT II

Research ethics: research integrity, research safety in laboratories, welfareof animals used in research, computer ethics, standards and problems in researchethics.

UNIT III

Concept and connotations of rural development, rural development policies and strategies. Rural development programmes: Community DevelopmentProgramme, Intensive Agricultural District Programme, Special group – AreaSpecific Programme, Integrated Rural Development Programme (IRDP) PanchayatiRaj Institutions, Co-operatives, Voluntary Agencies/ Non-GovernmentalOrganisations. Critical evaluation of rural development policies and programmes. Constraints in implementation of rural policies and programmes.

- Bhalla GS and Singh G. 2001. *Indian Agriculture Four Decades of Development*. Sage Publ.
- Punia MS. Manual on International Research and Research Ethics. CCS Haryana Agricultural University, Hisar.
- Rao BSV. 2007. Rural Development Strategies and Role of Institutions Issues, Innovations and Initiatives. Mittal Publ.
- Singh K. 1998. Rural Development Principles, Policies and Management. SagePubl.

(PGS 504)-Library and Information Services 1(0+1)

Practical

Introduction to library and its services; Role of libraries in education, research and technology transfer; Classification systems and organization of library; Sources of information- Primary Sources, Secondary Sources and Tertiary Sources; Intricacies of abstracting and indexing services (Science Citation Index, Biological Abstracts, Chemical Abstracts, CABI Abstracts, etc.); Tracing information from referencesources; Literature survey; Citation techniques/ Preparation of bibliography; Useof CD-ROM Databases, Online Public Access Catalogue and other computerized library services; Use of Internet including search engines and its resources; eresourcesaccess methods.

3rdSemester

(AGR 507*) Principles and Practices of Water Management 3(2+1)

Theory

Unit I

Water and its role in plants; Irrigation: Definition and objectives, water resources and irrigation development in of India and concerned state, major irrigation projects, extent of area and crops irrigated in India and in different states.

Unit II

Field water cycle, water movement in soil and plants; transpiration; soil-waterplant relationships; water absorption by plants; plant response to water stress, crop plant adaptation to moisture stress condition. Water availability and its relationship with nutrient availability and loses.

Unit III

Soil, plant and meteorological factors determining water needs of crops, scheduling, depth and methods of irrigation; micro irrigation systems; deficit irrigation; fertigation; management of water in controlled environments and polyhouses. Irrigation efficiency and water use efficiency.

Unit IV

Water management of crop and cropping system, Quality of irrigation water and management of saline water for irrigation, water use efficiency, Crop water requirement- estimation of ET and effective rainfall; Water management of the major crops and cropping systems. Automated irrigation system.

Unit V

Excess of soil water and plant growth; water management in problem soils, drainage requirement of crops and methods of field drainage, their layout and spacing; rain water management and its utilization for crop production.

Unit VI

Quality of irrigation water and management of saline water for irrigation, water management in problem soils

Unit VII

Soil moisture conservation, water harvesting, rain water management and its utilization for crop production.

Unit VIII Hydroponics,

Unit IX Water management of crops under climate change scenario.

Practical

- Determination of Field capacity by field method
- Determination of Permanent Wilting Point by sunflower pot culture technique
- Determination of Field capacity and Permanent Wilting Point by Pressure PlateApparatus
- Determination of Hygroscopic Coefficient
- Determination of maximum water holding capacity of soil
- Measurement of matric potential using gauge and mercury type tensiometer
- Determination of soil-moisture characteristics curves
- Determination of saturated hydraulic conductivity by constant and falling headmethod
- Determination of hydraulic conductivity of saturated soil below the water table byauger hole method
- Measurement of soil water diffusivity
- Estimation of unsaturated hydraulic conductivity

- Estimation of upward flux of water using tensiometer and from depth ground watertable
- Determination of irrigation requirement of crops (calculations)
- Determination of effective rainfall (calculations)
- Determination of ET of crops by soil moisture depletion method16. Determination of water requirements of crops
- Measurement of irrigation water by volume and velocity-area method
- Measurement of irrigation water by measuring devices and calculation of irrigationefficiency
- Determination of infiltration rate by double ring infiltrometer

Suggested Reading

- Majumdar DK. 2014. *Irrigation Water Management: Principles and Practice*. PHL Learningprivate publishers
- Mukund Joshi. 2013. A Text Book of Irrigation and Water Management Hardcover, Kalyanipublishers
- Lenka D. 1999. Irrigation and Drainage. Kalyani.
- Michael AM. 1978. Irrigation: Theory and Practice. Vikas Publ.
- Paliwal KV. 1972. Irrigation with Saline Water. IARI Monograph, New Delhi.
- Panda SC. 2003. Principles and Practices of Water Management. Agrobios.
- Prihar SS and Sandhu BS. 1987. *Irrigation of Food Crops Principles and Practices*. ICAR.
- Reddy SR. 2000. Principles of Crop Production. Kalyani.
- Singh Pratap and Maliwal PL. 2005. *Technologies for Food Security and SustainableAgriculture*. Agrotech Publ.

(AGR 508) Conservation Agriculture 2(1+1)

Theory

Unit I

Conventional and conservation agriculture systems, sustainability concerns, conservation agriculture: Historical background and present concept, global experiences, present status in India.

Unit II

Nutrient management in CA, water management, weed management, energy use, insect-pest and disease management, farm machinery, crop residue management, cover crop management.

Unit III

Climate change mitigation and CA, C-sequestration, soil health management, soil microbes and CA. Unit IV CA in agroforestry systems, rainfed / dryland regions

Unit V

Economic considerations in CA, adoption and constraints, CA: The future of agriculture

Practicals

- Study of long-term experiments on CA,
- Evaluation of soil health parameters,
- Estimation of C-sequestration,
- Machinery calibration for sowing different crops, weed seedbank estimation under CA, energy requirements, economic analysis of CA.

- Arakeri HR and Roy D. 1984. *Principles of Soil Conservation and Water Management*. Oxford & IBH.
- Bisht JK, Meena VS, Mishra PK and Pattanayak A. 2016. Conservation Agriculture-An approach to combat climate change in Indian Himalaya. Publisher: Springer Nature. Doi: 10/1007/978-981-10-2558-7.
- Dhruvanarayana VV. 1993. Soil and Water Conservation Research in India. ICAR.
- FAO. 2004. Soil and Water Conservation in Semi-Arid Areas. Soils Bull., Paper 57.
- Gracia-Torres L, Benites J, Martinez-Vilela A and Holgado-Cabera A. 2003.
 Conservation Agriculture- Environment Farmers experiences, innovations Socio-economic policy.
- Muhammad F and Kamdambot HMS. 2014. Conservation Agriculture. Publisher: Springer Cham Heidelberg, New Yaork Dordrecht London. Doi: 10.1007/978-3-319-11620-4.
- Yellamanda Reddy T and Sankara Reddy GH. 1992. Principles of Agronomy. Kalyani.

(AGR 509) Agronomy of Fodder and Forage Crops 3(2+1)

Theory

Unit I

Adaptation, distribution, varietal improvement, agro-techniques and quality aspects including anti-quality factors of important fodder crops like sorghum, maize, *bajra*, *guar*, cowpea, oats, barley, berseem, *senji*, lucerne, etc.

∐nit II

Adaptation, distribution, varietal improvement, agro-techniques and quality aspects including anti-quality factors of important forage crops/grasseslime, Napier grass, *Panicum, Lasiuras*, *Cenchrus*, etc.

Unit III

Year-round fodder production and management, preservation and utilization of forage and pasture crops.

Unit IV

Principles and methods of hay and silage making; chemical and biochemical changes, nutrient losses and factors affecting quality of hay and silage; use of physical and chemical enrichments and biological methods for improving nutrition; value addition of poorquality fodder. Fodder production through hydroponics. Azolla cultivation.

Unit V

Economics of forage cultivation uses and seed production techniques of important fodder crops.

Practical

- Practical training of farm operations in raising fodder crops;
- Canopy measurement, yield, Leaf: Stem ratio and quality estimation, viz. crude protein, NDF, ADF, lignin, silica, cellulose and IVDMD, etc. of various fodder and forage crops
- Anti-quality components like HCN in sorghum and such factors in other crops
- Hay and silage making and economics of their preparation.

- Chatterjee BN. 1989. Forage Crop Production Principles and Practices. Oxford & IBH.
- Das NR. 2007. Introduction to Crops of India. Scientific Publ.
- Narayanan TR and Dabadghao PM. 1972. Forage Crops of India. ICAR.

- Singh P and Srivastava AK. 1990. Forage Production Technology. IGFRI, Jhansi.
- Singh C, Singh P and Singh R. 2003. *Modern Techniques of Raising Field Crops*. Oxford & IBH.
- Tejwani KG. 1994. Agroforestry in India. Oxford & IBH.

(AGR 510) Principles and practices of organic farming 3(2+1)

Theory

Unit I

Water and its role in plants; Irrigation: Definition and objectives, water resources and irrigation development in of India and concerned state, major irrigation projects, extent of area and crops irrigated in India and in different states.

Unit II

Field water cycle, water movement in soil and plants; transpiration; soil-waterplant relationships; water absorption by plants; plant response to water stress, crop plant adaptation to moisture stress condition. Water availability and its relationship with nutrient availability and loses.

Unit III

Soil, plant and meteorological factors determining water needs of crops, scheduling, depth and methods of irrigation; micro irrigation systems; deficit irrigation; fertigation; management of water in controlled environments and polyhouses. Irrigation efficiency and water use efficiency.

Unit IV

Water management of crop and cropping system, Quality of irrigation water and management of saline water for irrigation, water use efficiency, Crop water requirement- estimation of ET and effective rainfall; Water management of the major crops and cropping systems. Automated irrigation system.

Unit V

Excess of soil water and plant growth; water management in problem soils, drainage requirement of crops and methods of field drainage, their layout and spacing; rain water management and its utilization for crop production.

Unit VI

Quality of irrigation water and management of saline water for irrigation, water management in problem soils

Unit VII

Soil moisture conservation, water harvesting, rain water management and its utilization for crop production.

Unit VIII

Hydroponics,

Unit IX

Water management of crops under climate change scenario.

Practical

- Determination of Field capacity by field method
- Determination of Permanent Wilting Point by sunflower pot culture technique
- Determination of Field capacity and Permanent Wilting Point by Pressure Plate Apparatus
- Determination of Hygroscopic Coefficient
- Determination of maximum water holding capacity of soil
- Measurement of matric potential using gauge and mercury type tensiometer

- Determination of soil-moisture characteristics curves
- Determination of saturated hydraulic conductivity by constant and falling head method
- Determination of hydraulic conductivity of saturated soil below the water table by auger hole method
- Measurement of soil water diffusivity
- Estimation of unsaturated hydraulic conductivity
- Estimation of upward flux of water using tensiometer and from depth ground water table
- Determination of irrigation requirement of crops (calculations)
- Determination of effective rainfall (calculations)
- Determination of ET of crops by soil moisture depletion method
- Determination of water requirements of crops
- Measurement of irrigation water by volume and velocity-area method
- Measurement of irrigation water by measuring devices and calculation of irrigation efficiency
- Determination of infiltration rate by double ring infiltrometer

Suggested Reading

- Majumdar DK. 2014. *Irrigation Water Management: Principles and Practice*. PHL Learning private publishers
- Mukund Joshi. 2013. A Text Book of Irrigation and Water Management Hardcover, Kalyani publishers
- Lenka D. 1999. Irrigation and Drainage. Kalyani.
- Michael AM. 1978. Irrigation: Theory and Practice. Vikas Publ.
- Paliwal KV. 1972. Irrigation with Saline Water. IARI Monograph, New Delhi.
- Panda SC. 2003. Principles and Practices of Water Management. Agrobios.
- Prihar SS and Sandhu BS. 1987. *Irrigation of Food Crops Principles and Practices*. ICAR.
- Reddy SR. 2000. Principles of Crop Production. Kalyani.
- Singh Pratap and Maliwal PL. 2005. *Technologies for Food Security and Sustainable Agriculture*. Agrotech Publ.

(PGS 505) Technical Writing and Communications Skills 1(0+1)

Practical (Technical Writing)

- Various forms of scientific writings- theses, technical papers, reviews, manuals, etc.;
- Various parts of thesis and research communications (title page, authorship contents page, preface, introduction, review of literature, material and methods, experimental results and discussion);
- Writing of abstracts, summaries, précis, citations, etc.; Commonly used abbreviations in the theses and research communications;
- Illustrations, photographs and drawings with suitable captions; pagination, numbering of tables and illustrations;
- Writing of numbers and dates in scientific write-ups;
- Editing and proof-reading;
- Writing of a review article;
- Communication Skills Grammar (Tenses, parts of speech, clauses, punctuation marks);
- Error analysis (Common errors), Concord, Collocation, Phonetic symbols and

transcription;

- Accentual pattern: Weak forms in connected speech;
- Participation in group discussion;
- Facing an interview;
- Presentation of scientific papers.

- Barnes and Noble. Robert C. (Ed.). 2005. Spoken English: Flourish Your Language.
- Chicago Manual of Style. 14th Ed. 1996. Prentice Hall of India.
- Collins' Cobuild English Dictionary. 1995.
- Harper Collins. Gordon HM and Walter JA. 1970. Technical Writing. 3rd Ed.
- Holt, Rinehart and Winston. Hornby AS. 2000. Comp. Oxford Advanced Learner's Dictionary of Current English. 6th Ed. Oxford University Press.
- James HS. 1994. Handbook for Technical Writing. NTC Business Books.
- Joseph G. 2000. *MLA Handbook for Writers of Research Papers*. 5th Ed. Affiliated East-West Press.
- Mohan K. 2005. Speaking English Effectively. MacMillan India.
- Richard WS. 1969. Technical Writing.
- Sethi J and Dhamija PV. 2004. Course in Phonetics and Spoken English. 2nd Ed. Prentice Hall of India.
- Wren PC and Martin H. 2006. High School English Grammar and Composition. S. Chand & Co.

Detailed Syllabus M.Sc. (Ag): Genetics and Plant Breeding 1st Semester (GPB 501)- PRINCIPLES OF GENETICS* 3 (2+1)

Theory:

Unit I

Beginning of genetics, early concepts of inheritance, Mendel's laws; Discussion on Mendel's paper, Chromosomal theory of inheritance; Multiple alleles, Gene interactions, Sex determination, differentiation and sex-linkage, Sex-influenced and sex-limited traits; Linkage-detection, estimation; Recombination and genetic mapping in eukaryotes, Somatic cell genetics, Extra chromosomal inheritance.

Unit II

Mendelian population, Random mating population, Frequencies of genes and genotypes, Causes of change: Hardy-Weinberg equilibrium.

Unit III

Nature, structure and replication of the genetic material; Organization of DNA in chromosomes, Genetic code; Protein biosynthesis, Genetic fine structure analysis, Allelic complementation, Split genes, overlapping genes, Pseudogenes, Oncogenes, Gene families and clusters; Regulation of gene activity in prokaryotes and eukaryotes; Molecular mechanisms of mutation, repair and suppression; Bacterial plasmids, insertion (IS) and transposable (Tn) elements; Molecular chaperones and gene expression, RNA editing.

Unit IV

Gene isolation, synthesis and cloning, genomic and cDNA libraries, PCR based cloning, positional cloning; Nucleic acid hybridization and immunochemical detection; DNA sequencing; DNA restriction and modification, Anti-sense RNA and ribozymes; Micro-RNAs (miRNAs).

Unit V

Genomics and proteomics; metagenomics; Transgenic bacteria and bioethics; Gene silencing; genetics of mitochondria and chloroplasts. Concepts of Eugenics, Epigenetics, Genetic disorders.

Practical

- Laboratory exercises in probability and chi-square;
- Demonstration of genetic principles using laboratory organisms;
- Chromosome mapping using three-point test cross;
- Tetrad analysis; Induction and detection of mutations through genetic tests;
- DNA extraction and PCR amplification;
- Electrophoresis: basic principles and running of amplified DNA;
- Extraction of proteins and isozymes;
- Use of Agrobacterium mediated method and Biolistic gun;
- Detection of transgenes in the exposed plant material;
- Visit to transgenic glasshouse and learning the practical considerations.

- Daniel LH and Maryellen R. 2011. Genetics: "Analysis of Genes and Genomes".
- Gardner EJ and Snustad DP. 1991. *Principles of Genetics*. John Wiley and Sons. 8th ed. 2006
- Klug WS and Cummings MR. 2003. *Concepts of Genetics*. Peterson Edu. Pearson Education India; Tenth edition.
- Lewin B. 2008. Genes XII. Jones and Bartlett Publ. (International Edition) Paperback, 2018

- Russell PJ. 1998. *Genetics*. The Benzamin/ Cummings Publ. Co
- Singh BD. 2009. *Genetics*. Kalyani Publishers (2nd Revised Edition)
- Snustad DP and Simmons MJ. 2006. *Genetics*. 4th Ed. John Wiley and Sons. 6th Edition International Student Version edition.
- Stansfield WD.1991. Genetics. Schaum Outline Series Mc Graw Hill
- Strickberger MW. 2005. *Genetics (III Ed)*. Prentice Hall, New Delhi, India; 3rd ed., 2015
- Tamarin RH. 1999. *Principles of Genetics*. Wm. C. Brown Publs., McGraw Hill Education; 7 edition
- Uppal S, Yadav R, Singh S and Saharan RP. 2005. *Practical Manual on Basic and Applied Genetics*. Dept. of Genetics, CCS HAU Hisar.

(GPB 502) PRINCIPLES OF PLANT BREEDING* 3 (2+1)

Theory:

Unit I

Early Plant Breeding; Accomplishments through plant breeding; Objectives of plant breeding; Patterns of Evolution in Crop Plants: Centre of Origin, Agro-biodiversity and its significance. Prebreeding and plant introduction and role of plant genetic resources in plant breeding.

Unit II

Genetic basis of breeding: self and cross pollinated crops including mating systems and response to selection; Nature of variability, components of variation; Heritability and genetic advance, genotype environment interaction; General and specific combining ability; Types of gene actions and implications in plant breeding.

Unit III

Pure line theory, pure line and mass selection methods; pedigree, bulk, backcross, single seed descent and multiline breeding; Population breeding in self-pollinated crops with special reference to diallel selective mating; Transgressive breeding.

Unit IV

Breeding methods in cross pollinated crops; Population breeding: mass selection and ear-to-row methods; S1 and S2 progeny testing, progeny selection schemes, recurrent selection schemes for intra and inter-population improvement and development of synthetics and composites. Hybrid breeding: genetical and physiological basis of heterosis and inbreeding, production of inbreeds, breeding approaches for improvement of inbreeds, predicting hybrid performance; seed production of hybrid and their parent varieties/ inbreeds. Self-incompatibility, male sterility and apomixes in crop plants and their commercial exploitation.

Unit V

Breeding methods in asexually/ clonally propagated crops, clonal selection.

Unit VI

Special breeding techniques: Mutation breeding, Breeding for abiotic and biotic stresses; Concept of plant ideotype and its role in crop improvement, concept of MAS, concept of polyploidy and wide hybridization, doubled haploidy.

Unit VII

Cultivar development: testing, release and notification, maintenance breeding, Participatory Plant Breeding, Plant breeders' rights and regulations for plant variety protection and farmers rights.

Practical

- Floral biology in self and cross pollinated species;
- Selfing and crossing techniques;

- Selection methods in segregating populations and evaluation of breeding material;
- Analysis of variance (ANOVA);
- Estimation of heritability and genetic advance;
- Maintenance of experimental records;
- Learning techniques in hybrid seed production using male-sterility in field crops;
- Prediction of performance of double cross hybrid.

Suggested Reading

- Allard RW. 1981. *Principles of Plant Breeding*. John Wiley & Sons.
- Chahal GS and Gossal, SS. 2002. Principles and Procedures of Plant Breeding Biotechnological and Conventional approaches. Narosa Publishing House.
- Chopra VL. 2004. Plant Breeding. Oxford & IBH.
- George A. 2012. Principles of Plant Genetics and Breeding. John Wiley & Sons.
- Gupta SK. 2005. Practical Plant Breeding. Agribios.
- Jain HK and Kharakwal MC. 2004. *Plant Breeding and–Mendelian to Molecular Approach*, Narosa Publications, New Delhi
- Roy D. 2003. Plant Breeding, Analysis and Exploitation of Variation. Narosa Publ. House.
- Sharma JR. 2001. Principles and Practice of Plant Breeding. Tata McGraw-Hill.
- Sharma JP. 2010. *Principles of Vegetable Breeding*. Kalyani Publ, New Delhi.
- Simmonds NW.1990. Principles of Crop Improvement. English Language Book Society.
- Singh BD. 2006. Plant Breeding. Kalyani Publishers, New Delhi.
- Singh S and Pawar IS. 2006. Genetic Bases and Methods of Plant Breeding. CBS.

(GPB 503) FUNDAMENTALS OF QUANTITATIVE GENETICS* 3 (2+1) Theory:

Unit I

Introduction and historical background of quantitative genetics, Multiple factor hypothesis, Qualitative and quantitative characters, Analysis of continuous variation mean, range, SD, CV; Components of variation- Phenotypic, Genotypic, Nature of gene action- additive, dominance and epistatic, linkage effect. Principles of analysis of variance and linear model, Expected variance components, Random and fixed effect model, Comparison of means and variances for significance.

Unit II

Designs for plant breeding experiments- principles and applications; Variability parameters, concept of selection, simultaneous selection modes and selection of parents, MANOVA.

Unit III

Association analysis- Genotypic and phenotypic correlation, Path analysis Discriminate function and principal component analysis, Genetic divergence analysis Metroglyph and D², Generation mean analysis, Parent progeny regression analysis

Unit IV

Mating designs- classification, Diallel, partial diallel, L \times T, NCDs, and TTC; Concept of combining ability and gene action, G \times E interaction-Adaptability and stability; Methods and models for stability analysis; Basic models- principles and interpretation, Bi-plot analysis.

Unit V

QTL mapping, Strategies for QTL mapping- Desired population and statistical methods, QTL mapping in genetic analysis; Markers, Marker assisted selection and factors influencing the MAS, Simultaneous selection based on marker and phenotype.

Practical

- Analysis and interpretation of variability parameters;
- Analysis and interpretation of Index score and Metroglyph;
- Clustering and interpretation of D² analysis;
- Genotypic and phenotypic correlation analysis and interpretation;
- Path coefficient analysis and interpretation, Estimation of different types of heterosis, inbreeding depression and interpretation;
- A, B and C Scaling test;
- L × T analysis and interpretation, QTL analysis;
- Use of computer packages;
- Diallel analysis;
- G × E interaction and stability analysis.

Suggested Reading

- Bos I and Caligari P. 1995. Selection Methods in Plant Breeding. Chapman & Hall.
- Falconer DS and Mackay J. 1998. *Introduction to Quantitative Genetics* (3rd Ed.). ELBS/Longman, London.
- Mather K and Jinks JL.1985. *Biometrical Genetics* (3rd Ed.). Chapman and Hall, London.
- Nandarajan N and Gunasekaran M. 2008. *Quantitative Genetics and Biometrical Techniques in Plant Breeding*. Kalyani Publishers, New Delhi.
- Naryanan SS and Singh P. 2007. *Biometrical Techniques in Plant Breeding*. Kalyani Publishers, New Delhi.
- Roy D. 2000. *Plant Breeding: Analysis and Exploitation of Variation*. Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi.
- Sharma JR. 2006. Statistical and Biometrical Techniques in Plant Breeding. New Age International Pvt. Ltd.
- Singh P and Narayanan SS. 1993. *Biometrical Techniques in Plant Breeding*. Kalyani Publishers, New Delhi.
- Singh RK and Chaudhary BD. 1987. Biometrical Methods in Quantitative Genetic analysis. Kalyani Publishers, New Delhi.
- Weir DS. 1990. Genetic Data Analysis. Methods for Discrete Population Genetic Data. Sinauer Associates.
- Wricke G and Weber WE. 1986. *Quantitative Genetics and Selection in Plant Breeding*. Walter de Gruyter.

(AST 501) Experimental Designs 3(2+1)

Theory

Unit I

Need for designing of experiments, characteristics of a good design. Basic principles of designs-randomization, replication and local control.

Unit II

Uniformity trials, size and shape of plots and blocks, Analysis of variance, Completely randomized design, randomized block design and Latin square design.

Unit III

Factorial experiments, (symmetrical as well as asymmetrical). orthogonality and partitioning of degrees of freedom. Concept of confounding.

Unit IV

Split plot and strip plot designs, analysis of covariance and missing plot techniques in randomized block and Latin square designs; Transformations, Balanced Incomplete Block Design, resolvable designs and their applications, Lattice design, alpha design - concepts, randomization procedure, analysis and interpretation of results. Response surfaces. Combined analysis.

Practical

- Uniformity trial data analysis, formation of plots and blocks, Fairfield Smith Law, Analysis of data obtained from CRD, RBD, LSD, Analysis of factorial experiments,
- Analysis with missing data,
- Split plot and strip plot designs.

Suggested Reading

- Cochran WG and Cox GM. 1957. Experimental Designs. 2nd Ed. John Wiley.
- Dean AM and Voss D. 1999. Design and Analysis of Experiments. Springer.
- Montgomery DC. 2012. Design and Analysis of Experiments, 8th Ed. John Wiley.
- Federer WT. 1985. Experimental Designs. MacMillan.
- Fisher RA. 1953. Design and Analysis of Experiments. Oliver & Boyd.
- Nigam AK and Gupta VK. 1979. *Handbook on Analysis of Agricultural Experiments*. IASRI Publ.
- Pearce SC. 1983. The Agricultural Field Experiment: A Statistical Examination of Theory and Practice. John Wiley.

(PGS 501) BASIC CONCEPTS IN LABORATORY TECHNIQUES 1(0+1)

Practical

- Safety measures while in Lab;
- Handling of chemical substances;
- Use of burettes, pipettes, measuring cylinders, flasks, separatory funnel, condensers, micropipettes and vaccupets;
- Washing, drying and sterilization of glassware;
- Drying of solvents/ chemicals;
- Weighing and preparation of solutions of different strengths and their dilution;
- Handling techniques of solutions;
- Preparation of different agro-chemical doses in field and pot applications;
- Preparation of solutions of acids;
- Neutralisation of acid and bases;
- Preparation of buffers of different strengths and pH values;
- Use and handling of microscope, laminar flow, vacuum pumps, viscometer, thermometer, magnetic stirrer, micro-ovens, incubators, sandbath, waterbath, oilbath
- Electric wiring and earthing;

- Preparation of media and methods of sterilization;
- Seed viability testing, testing of pollen viability;
- Tissue culture of crop plants;
- Description of flowering plants in botanical terms in relation to taxonomy.

Suggested Readings

- Furr AK. 2000. CRC Hand Book of Laboratory Safety. CRC Press
- Gabb MH and Latchem WE. 1968. *A Handbook of Laboratory Solutions*. Chemical Publ. Co.

(PGS 502) Intellectual Property and Its Management In Agriculture 1(1+0)

Theory

Historical perspectives and need for the introduction of Intellectual Property Right regime; TRIPs and various provisions in TRIPS Agreement; Intellectual Property and Intellectual Property Rights (IPR), benefits of securing IPRs; Indian Legislations for the protection of various types of Intellectual Properties; Fundamentals of patents, copyrights, geographical indications, designs and layout, trade secrets and traditional knowledge, trademarks, protection of plant varieties and farmers' rights and biodiversity protection; Protectable subject matters, protection in biotechnology, protection of other biological materials, ownership and period of protection; National Biodiversity protection initiatives; Convention on Biological Diversity; International Treaty on Plant Genetic Resources for Food and Agriculture; Licensing of technologies, Material transfer agreements, Research collaboration Agreement, License Agreement.

- Erbisch FH and Maredia K.1998. *Intellectual Property Rights in Agricultural Biotechnology*. CABI.
- Ganguli P. 2001. *Intellectual Property Rights: Unleashing Knowledge Economy*. McGraw-Hill.
- Intellectual Property Rights: Key to New Wealth Generation. 2001. NRDC and Aesthetic Technologies.
- Ministry of Agriculture, Government of India. 2004. *State of Indian Farmer*. Vol. V.Technology Generation and IPR Issues. Academic Foundation.
- Rothschild M and Scott N. (Ed.). 2003. *Intellectual Property Rights in Animal Breeding and Genetics*. CABI.
- Saha R. (Ed.). 2006. *Intellectual Property Rights in NAM and Other Developing Countries: A Compendium on Law and Policies*. Daya Publ. House.
- The Indian Acts Patents Act, 1970 and amendments; Design Act, 2000; Trademarks
- Act, 1999; The Copyright Act, 1957 and amendments; Layout Design Act, 2000;
- PPV and FR Act 2001, and Rules 2003; The Biological Diversity Act, 2002.

2nd Semester (GPB 505) PRINCIPLES OF CYTOGENETICS* 3 (2+1)

Theory:

Unit I

Cell cycle and architecture of chromosome in prokaryotes and eukaryotes; Chromonemata, chromosome matrix, chromomeres, centromere, secondary constriction and telomere; artificial chromosome construction and its uses; Special types of chromosomes. Variation in chromosome structure: Evolutionary significance; Introduction to techniques for karyotyping; Chromosome banding and painting -In situ hybridization and various applications.

Unit II

Structural and numerical variations of chromosomes and their implications; Symbols and terminologies for chromosome numbers, euploidy, haploids, diploids and polyploids; Utilization of aneuploids in gene location; Variation in chromosome behaviour, somatic segregation and chimeras, endomitosis and somatic reduction; Evolutionary significance of chromosomal aberrations, balanced lethal and chromosome complexes; Inter-varietal chromosome substitutions.

Unit III

Fertilization barriers in crop plants at pre-and postfertilization levels; *In-vitro* techniques to overcome the fertilization barriers in crops; Polyploidy. Genetic consequences of polyploidization and role of polyploids in crop breeding; Evolutionary advantages of autopolyploid vs allopolyploids; Role of aneuploids in basic and applied aspects of crop breeding, their maintenance and utilization in gene mapping and gene blocks transfer; Alien addition and substitution lines, creation and utilization; Apomixis, evolutionary and genetic problems in crops with apomixes.

Unit IV

Reversion of autopolyploid to diploids; Genome mapping in polyploids; Interspecific hybridization and allopolyploids; Synthesis of new crops (wheat, Triticale, Brassica, and cotton); Hybrids between species with same chromosome number, alien translocations; Hybrids between species with different chromosome number; Gene transfer using amphidiploids, bridge species.

Unit V

Chromosome manipulations in wide hybridization; case studies; Production and use of haploids, dihaploids and doubled haploids in genetics and breeding.

Practical

- Learning the cytogenetical laboratory techniques, various chemicals to be used for fixation, dehydration, embedding, staining, cleaning, etc.;
- Microscopy: various types of microscopes;
- Preparing specimen for observation;
- Fixative preparation and fixing specimen for light microscopy studies in cereals;
- Studies on mitosis and meiosis in crop plants;
- Using micrometers and studying the pollen grain size in various crops.
- Pollen germination in vivo and in-vitro;
- Demonstration of polyploidy.

- Becker K and Hardin J. 2004. World of the Cell. 5th Ed. Pearson Edu. 9th edition.
- Carroll M. 1989. Organelles. The Guilford Press.
- Charles B. 1993. *Discussions in Cytogenetics*. Prentice Hall Publications.
- Darlington CD and La Cour LF. 1969. *The Handling of Chromosomes*. George Allen & Unwin Ltd.

- Elgin SCR. 1995. Chromatin Structure and Gene Expression. IRL Press, Oxford.
- Gupta PK and Tsuchiya T. 1991. *Chromosome Engineering in Plants: Genetics, Breeding and Evolution*. Part A.
- Gupta PK. 2010. *Cytogenetics*. Rastogi Publishers. Johannson DA. 1975. Plant Micro technique. McGraw Hill.
- Karp G. 1996. Cell and Molecular Biology: Concepts and Experiments. John Wiley & Sons.
- Khush GS. 1973. *Cytogenetics of aneuploids*. Elsevier. 1 edition.
- Roy D. 2009. Cytogenetics. Alpha Science Intl Ltd.
- Schulz SJ.1980. Cytogenetics- Plant, animals and Humans. Springer.
- Sharma AK and Sharma A. 1988. *Chromosome Techniques: Theory and Practice*. Butterworth Heinemann publisher 2014. 3rd edition
- Singh RJ. 2016. *Plant Cytogenetics* 3rd Edition. CRC Press.
- Sumner AT. 1982. Chromosome Banding. Unwin Hyman Publ. 1 edition, Springer pub.
- Swanson CP. 1960. Cytology and Cytogenetics. Macmillan & Co.

(GPB 506) MOLECULAR BREEDING AND BIOINFORMATICS* 3 (2+1)

Theory:

Unit I

Genotyping; Biochemical and Molecular markers; Morphological, biochemical and DNA-based markers (RFLP, RAPD, AFLP, SSR, SNPs, ESTs, etc.), Functional markers; Mapping populations (F2s, back crosses, RILs, NILs and DH); Molecular mapping and tagging of agronomically important traits; Statistical tools in marker analysis.

Unit II

Allele mining; Marker-assisted selection for qualitative and quantitative traits; QTLs analysis in crop plants; Marker-assisted backcross breeding for rapid introgression; Genomics- assisted breeding; Generation of EDVs; Gene pyramiding.

Unit III

Introduction to Comparative Genomics; Large scale genome sequencing strategies; Human genome project; Arabidopsis genome project; Rice genome project; Comparative genomics tools; Introduction to proteomics; 2D gel electrophoresis; chromatography and sequencing by Edman degradation and mass spectrometry; Endopeptidases; Nanotechnology and its applications in crop improvement.

Unit IV

Recombinant DNA technology, transgenes, method of transformation, selectable markers and clean transformation techniques, vector-mediated gene transfer, physical methods of gene transfer; Production of transgenic plants in various field crops: cotton, wheat, maize, rice, soybean, oilseeds, sugarcane, etc. and commercial releases; Biotechnology applications in male sterility/ hybrid breeding, molecular farming; Application of Tissue culture in molecular breeding; MOs and related issues (risk and regulations); GMO; International regulations, biosafety issues of GMOs; Regulatory procedures in major countries including India, ethical, legal and social issues; Intellectual property rights; Introduction to bioinformatics: bioinformatics tools, biological data bases (primary and secondary), implications in crop improvement.

Practical

- Requirements for plant tissue culture laboratory;
- Techniques in plant tissue culture;

- Media components and media preparation;
- Aseptic manipulation of various explants, observations on the contaminants occurring in media, interpretations;
- Inoculation of explants, callus induction and plant regeneration; Standardizing the protocols for regeneration;
- Hardening of regenerated plants; Establishing a greenhouse and hardening procedures;
- Visit to commercial micropropagation unit;
- Transformation using Agrobacterium strains;
- GUS assay in transformed cells/ tissues;
- DNA isolation, DNA purity and quantification tests;
- Gel electrophoresis of proteins and isozymes, PCR-based DNA markers, gel scoring and data analysis for tagging and phylogenetic relationship;
- Construction of genetic linkage maps using computer software;
- NCBI Genomic Resources, GBFF, Swiss Prot, Blast n/ Blast p, Gene Prediction Tool, Expasy Resources, PUBMED and PMC, OMIM and OMIA, ORF finder;
- Comparative Genomic Resources: Map Viewer (UCSC Browser and Ensembl);
- Primer designing- Primer 3/ Primer BLAST.

Suggested Reading

- Azuaje F and Dopazo J. 2005. *Data Analysis and Visualization in Genomics and Proteomics*. John Wiley and Sons.
- Brown TA. 1991. *Essential Molecular Biology: a practical Approach*. Oxford university press, 2002, 2nd edition
- Chawala HS. 2000. *Introduction to Plant Biotechnology*. Oxford & IBH Publishing Co. Pvt. Ltd.
- Chopra VL and Nasim A. 1990. Genetic Engineering and Biotechnology: Concepts, Methods and Applications. Oxford & IBH.
- Gupta PK. 1997. Elements of Biotechnology. Rastogi Publ.
- Hackett PB, Fuchs JA and Messing JW. 1988. An Introduction to Recombinant DNA Technology-Basic Experiments in Gene Manipulation. 2nd Ed. Benjamin Publ. Co.
- Jollès P and Jörnvall H. 2000. Proteomics in Functional Genomics: Protein Structure Analysis. Birkhäuser.
- Lewin B. 2017. *Genes XII*. Jones & Bartlett learning, 2017.
- Robert NT and Dennis JG. 2010. *Plant Tissue Culture, Development, and Biotechnology*. CRC Press.
- Sambrook J and Russel D. 2001. *Molecular Cloning a Laboratory Manual*. 3rd Ed. Cold Spring Harbor Lab. Press.
- Singh BD. 2005. Biotechnology, Expanding Horizons. Kalyani Publishers, New Delhi.
- Watson J. 2006. *Recombinant DNA*. Cold Spring harbor laboratory press.

(AST 502) Data Analysis Using Statistical Packages 3(2+1)

Theory

Unit I

Introduction to various statistical packages: Excel, R, SAS, SPSS. Data Preparation; Descriptive statistics; Graphical representation of data, Exploratory data analysis.

Unit II

Test for normality; Testing of hypothesis using chi-square, t and F statistics and Z-test.

Unit III

Data preparation for ANOVA and ANCOVA, Factorial Experiments, contrast analysis, multiple comparisons, Analyzing crossed and nested classified designs.

Unit IV

Analysis of mixed models; Estimation of variance components; Correlation and regression analysis, Probit, Logit and Tobit Models.

Unit V

Discriminant function; Factor analysis; Principal component analysis; Analysis of time series data, Fitting of non-linear models; Neural networks.

Practical

- Use of software packages for summarization and tabulation of data, obtaining descriptive statistics, graphical representation of data
- Testing the hypothesis for one sample *t*-test, two sample *t*-test, paired *t*-test, test for large samples Chi-squares test, F test, one-way analysis of variance;
- Designs for Factorial Experiments, fixed effect models, random effect models, mixed effect models, estimation of variance components;
- Linear regression, Multiple regression, Regression plots
- Discriminant analysis fitting of discriminant functions, identification of important variables
- Factor analysis. Principal component analysis obtaining principal component.

- Anderson C.W. and Loynes R.M. 1987. The Teaching of Practical Statistics. John Wiley.
- Atkinson A.C. 1985. Plots Transformations and Regression. Oxford University Press.
- Chambers J.M., Cleveland W.S., Kleiner B and Tukey P.A. 1983. *Graphical Methods for Data Analysis*. Wadsworth, Belmount, California.
- Chatfield C. 1983. *Statistics for Technology*. 3rd Ed. Chapman & Hall. Chatfield C. 1995. *Problem Solving: A Statistician's Guide*. Chapman & Hall.
- Cleveland W.S. 1985. The Elements of Graphing Data. Wadsworth, Belmont, California.
- Ehrenberg ASC. 1982. A Primer in Data Reduction. John Wiley.
- Erickson B.H. and Nosanchuk T.A. 1992. *Understanding Data*. 2nd Ed. Open University Press, Milton Keynes.
- Snell E.J. and Simpson HR. 1991. *Applied Statistics: A Handbook of GENSTAT Analyses*. Chapman and Hall.
- Sprent P. 1993. Applied Non-parametric Statistical Methods. 2nd Ed. Chapman & Hall.
- Tufte ER. 1983. *The Visual Display of Quantitative Information*. Graphics Press, Cheshire, Conn.
- Velleman PF and Hoaglin DC. 1981. Application, Basics and Computing of Exploratory Data Analysis. Duxbury Press.
- Weisberg S. 1985. Applied Linear Regression. John Wiley.
- Wetherill GB. 1982. Elementary Statistical Methods. Chapman & Hall.

(PGS 503) Agricultural Research, Research Ethics and Rural Development Programmes

1 (1+0)

Theory:

UNIT I

History of agriculture in brief; Global agricultural research system: need, scope, opportunities; Role in promoting food security, reducing poverty and protecting the environment; National Agricultural Research Systems (NARS) and Regional Agricultural Research Institutions; Consultative Group on International Agricultural Research (CGIAR): International Agricultural Research Centres (IARC), partnership with NARS, role as a partner in the global agricultural research system, strengthening capacities at national and regional levels; International fellowships for scientific mobility.

UNIT II

Research ethics: research integrity, research safety in laboratories, welfare of animals used in research, computer ethics, standards and problems in research ethics.

UNIT III

Concept and connotations of rural development, rural development policies and strategies. Rural development programmes: Community Development Programme, Intensive Agricultural District Programme, Special group – Area Specific Programme, Integrated Rural Development Programme (IRDP) Panchayati Raj Institutions, Co-operatives, Voluntary Agencies/ Non-Governmental Organisations. Critical evaluation of rural development policies and programmes. Constraints in implementation of rural policies and programmes.

Suggested Readings

- Bhalla GS and Singh G. 2001. Indian Agriculture Four Decades of Development. Sage Publ
- Punia MS. Manual on International Research and Research Ethics. CCS Haryana Agricultural University, Hisar.
- Rao BSV. 2007. Rural Development Strategies and Role of Institutions Issues, Innovations and Initiatives. Mittal Publ.
- Singh K. 1998. Rural Development Principles, Policies and Management. Sage Publ.

(PGS 504) Library and Information Services 1(0+1)

Practical

Introduction to library and its services; Role of libraries in education, research and technology transfer; Classification systems and organization of library; Sources of information- Primary Sources, Secondary Sources and Tertiary Sources; Intricacies of abstracting and indexing services (Science Citation Index, Biological Abstracts, Chemical Abstracts, CABI Abstracts, etc.); Tracing information from reference sources; Literature survey; Citation techniques/ Preparation of bibliography; Use of CD-ROM Databases, Online Public Access Catalogue and other computerized library services; Use of Internet including search engines and its resources; e-resources access methods.

3rd Semester

(GPB 508) MUTAGENESIS AND MUTATION BREEDING* 3 (2+1)

Theory:

Unit I

Mutation and its history, nature and classification of mutations: spontaneous and induced mutations, micro and macro mutations, pre and post adaptive mutations; Detection of mutations. Paramutations in crops plants.

Unit II

Mutagenic agents: physical – radiation types and sources: Ionizing and non-ionizing radiations. Radiobiology: mechanism of action of various radiations (photoelectric absorption, Compton scattering and pair production) and their biological effects RBE and LET relationships; Effect of mutations on DNA – repair mechanisms operating at DNA, chromosome, cell and organism level to counteract the mutation effects; Dosimetry -Objects and methods of treatment; Factors influencing mutation: dose rate, acute vs chronic irradiation, recurrent irradiation, enhancement of thermal neutron effects; Radiation sensitivity and modifying factors: External and internal sources – Oxygen, water content, temperature and nuclear volume.

Unit III

Chemical mutagens: Classification – base analogues, antibiotics, alkylating agents, acridine dyes and other mutagens: their properties and mode of action; Dose determination and factors influencing chemical mutagenesis; Treatment methods using physical and chemical mutagens, Combination treatments; other causes of mutation – direct and indirect action, comparative evaluation of physical and chemical mutagens.

Unit IV

Observing mutagen effects in M_1 generation: plant injury, lethality, sterility, chimeras, etc.; Observing mutagen effects in M_2 generation; Estimation of mutagenic efficiency and effectiveness – spectrum of chlorophyll and viable mutations; Mutations in traits with continuous variation; Factors influencing the mutant spectrum: genotype, type of mutagen and dose, pleiotropy and linkage, etc.; Individual plant based mutation analysis and working out effectiveness and efficiency in M_3 generation; Comparative evaluation of physical and chemical mutagens for creation of variability in the some species- Case studies.

Unit V

Use of mutagens in creating oligogenic and polygenic variations – Case studies; *In-vitro* mutagenesis – Callus and pollen irradiation; Handling of segregating M₂ generations and selection procedures; Validation of mutants; Mutation breeding for various traits (disease resistance, insect resistance, quality improvement, etc.) in different crops; Procedures for micromutations breeding/polygenic mutations; Achievements of mutation breeding- varieties released across the world, problems associated with mutation breeding. Use of mutagens in genomics, allele mining, TILLING.

Practical

- Precautions on handling of mutagens; Dosimetry-Studies of different mutagenic agents: Physical mutagens and Chemical mutagens;
- Learning on Radioactivity- Production source and isotopes at BRIT, Trombay, Learning about gamma chamber;
- Radiation hazards: Monitoring safety regulations and safe transportation of radioisotopes, visit to radio isotope laboratory; learning on safe disposal of radioisotopes;

- Hazards due to chemical mutagens Treating the plant propagules at different doses of physical and chemical mutagens;
- Procedures in combined mutagenic treatments;
- Raising the crop for observation; Mutagenic effectiveness and efficiency, calculating the same from earlier literature;
- Study of M₁ generation Parameters;
- Study of M₂ generation Parameters;
- Mutation breeding in cereals and pulses-achievements made and an analysis;
- Mutation breeding in oilseeds and cotton- achievements and opportunities;
- Mutation breeding in forage crops and vegetatively propagated crops;
- Procedure for detection of mutations for polygenic traits in M₂ and M₃ generations.

Suggested Reading

- Alper T. 1979. Cellular Radiobiology. Cambridge Univ. Press, London.
- Chadwick KH and Leenhouts HP. 1981. *The Molecular Theory of Radiation Biology*. Springer Verlag.
- Cotton R, Edkin E and Forrest S. 2000. *Mutation Detection: A Practical Approach*. Oxford Univ. Press.
- International Atomic Energy Agency. 1970. *Manual on Mutation Breeding*. International Atomic Energey Agency, Vienna, Italy.
- Shu QY, Forster BP and Nakagawa N. 2012. *Plant Mutation Breeding and Biotechnology*. Gutecnberg Press Ltd. Rome Italy ISBN:978-925107-022-2 (FAO).
- Singh BD. 2003. Genetics. Kalyani Publishers, New Delhi.
- Strickberger MW. 2005. Genetics. 3rd Ed. Prentice Hall.
- www.barc.gov.in

(GPB 504) VARIETAL DEVELOPMENT AND MAINTENANCE BREEDING* 2 (1+1) Theory:

Unit I

Variety Development systems and Maintenance; Definition- variety, cultivar, extant variety, essentially derived variety, independently derived variety, reference variety, farmers' variety, landraces, hybrid, and population; Variety testing, release and notification systems and norms in India and abroad.

Unit II

DUS testing- DUS Descriptors for major crops; Genetic purity concept and maintenance breeding. Factors responsible for genetic deterioration of varieties safeguards during seed production.

Unit III

Maintenance of varieties in self and cross pollinated crops, isolation distance; Principles of seed production; Methods of nucleus and breeder seed production; Generation system of seed multiplication -nucleus, breeders, foundation, certified.

Unit IV

Quality seed production technology of self and cross-pollinated crop varieties, viz., cereals and millets (wheat, barley, paddy, pearlmillet, sorghum, maize and ragi, etc.); Pulses (greengram, blackgram, cowpea, pigeonpea, chickpea, fieldpea, lentil); Oilseeds (groundnut, soybean, sesame, castor, sunflower, safflower, linseed, rapeseed and mustard); fibres (cotton/jute) and forages (guar, forage sorghum, teosinte, oats, berseem, lucerne).

Unit V

Seed certification procedures; Seed laws and acts, plant variety protection regulations in India and international systems.

Practical

- Identification of suitable areas/ locations for seed production;
- Ear-to-row method and nucleus seed production;
- Main characteristics of released and notified varieties, hybrids and parental lines;
- PGMS and TGMS;
- Identification of important weeds/ objectionable weeds;
- Determination of isolation distance and planting ratios in different crops; Seed production techniques of varieties in different crops;
- Hybrid seed production technology of important crops;
- DUS testing and descriptors in major crops;
- Variety release proposal formats in different crops.

Suggested Reading

- Agarwal RL. 1997. Seed Technology. 2nd Ed. Oxford & IBH.
- Kelly AF. 1988. Seed Production of Agricultural Crops. Longman.
- McDonald MB Jr and Copeland LO. 1997. *Seed Production: Principles and Practices*. Chapman & Hall.
- Poehlman JM and Borthakur D. 1969. Breeding Asian Field Crops. Oxford & IBH.
- Singh BD. 2005. Plant Breeding: Principles and Methods. Kalyani. 2015
- Thompson JR. 1979. An Introduction to Seed Technology. Leonard Hill

(GPB 509) HYBRID BREEDING* 3 (2+1)

Theory:

Unit I

Historical aspect of heterosis, nomenclature and definitions of heterosis; Heterosis in natural population and inbred population; Evolutionary aspects – Genetic consequences of selfing, sibbing and crossing in self-and cross-pollinated and asexually propagated crops; Pre-Mendelian and Post-Mendelian ideas – Evolutionary concepts of heterosis; Genetic theories of heterosis – Physiological, Biochemical and molecular factors underlining heterosis; theories and their estimation; Biometrical basis of heterosis.

Unit II

Prediction of heterosis from various crosses, inbreeding depression, coefficient of inbreeding and its estimation, residual heterosis in F₂ and segregating populations, importance of inbreeding in exploitation of heterosis – case studies.; Relationship between genetic distance and expression of heterosis, case studies; Divergence and genetic distance analyses, morphological and molecular genetic distance in predicting heterosis; Development of heterotic pools in germplasm/ genetic stocks and inbreeds, their improvement for increasing heterosis.

Unit III

Male sterility and use in heterosis breeding; Male sterile line creation and diversification in self-pollinated, cross pollinated and asexually propagated crops; Creation of male sterility through genetic engineering and its exploitation in heterosis; Maintenance, transfer and restoration of different types of male sterility; Use of self-incompatibility in development of hybrids.

Unit IV

Hybrid seed production system: 3-line, 2-line and 1-line system; Development of inbreeds and parental lines- A, B and R lines – functional male sterility; Commercial exploitation of heterosis, maintenance breeding of parental lines in hybrids; Fixation of heterosis in self, cross and often cross pollinated crops, asexually/ clonally propagated crops, problems and prospects; Apomixis in fixing heterosis-concept of single line hybrid; Organellar heterosis and complementation.

Unit V

Hybrid breeding in wheat, rice, cotton, maize, pearl millet, sorghum and rapeseed mustard, sunflower, safflower and castor oilseed crops and pigeonpea.

Practical

- Characterization of male sterile lines using morphological descriptors;
- Restorer line identification and diversification of male sterile sources;
- Male sterile line creation in crop plants, problems in creation of CGMS system, ways of overcoming them;
- Diversification and restoration;
- Success stories of hybrid breeding in Maize, Rice, Pearl millet, Sorghum and Pigeon pea;
- Understanding the difficulties in breeding apomicts;
- Estimation of heterotic parameters in self, cross and asexually propagated crops;
- Estimation from the various models for heterosis parameters;
- Hybrid seed production in field crops—an account on the released hybrids, their potential, problems and ways of overcoming it;
- Hybrid breeding at National and International level, opportunities ahead.

- Agarwal RL. 1998. Fundamental of Plant Breeding and hybrid Seed Production. Science Publisher London.
- Akin E. 1979. The Geometry of Population Genetics. Springer-Verlag.
- Ben HL. 1998. Statistical Genomics Linkage, Mapping and QTL Analysis. CRC Press.
- Chal GS and Gossal SS. 2002. *Principles and procedures of Plant Breeding, Biotechnology and Convetional Approaches*. Narosa Publishing House. New Delhi
- De JG. 1988. Population Genetics and Evolution. Springer-Verlag. 30 January 2012
- Hartl DL. 2000. A Primer of Population Genetics. 3rd Ed. Sinauer Assoc.
- Mettler LE and Gregg TG. 1969. *Population Genetics and Evolution*. Prentice-Hall. 25 April 1988
- Montgomery DC. 2001. *Design and Analysis of Experiments*. 5th Ed., Wiley & Sons. 2013 Mukherjee BK. 1995. *The Heterosis Phenomenon*. Kalyani Publishers, New Delhi.
- Proceedings of *Genetics and Exploitation of Heterosis in Crops* An International Symposium CIMMYT, 1998.
- Richards AJ. 1986. Plant Breeding Systems. George Allen & Unwin. 30 May 1997
- Singh BD. 2006. Plant Breeding. Kalyani Publishers, New Delhi.
- Srivastava S and Tyagi R. 1997. Selected Problems in Genetics. Vols. I, II. Anmol Publ.
- Virmani SS. 1994. *Heterosis and Hybrid Rice Breeding. Monographs of "Theoretical and Applied Genetics"*, Springer-Verlag.

(PGS 505) Technical Writing and Communications Skills 1(0+1)

Practical (Technical Writing)

- Various forms of scientific writings- theses, technical papers, reviews, manuals, etc.;
- Various parts of thesis and research communications (title page, authorship contents page, preface, introduction, review of literature, material and methods, experimental results and discussion);
- Writing of abstracts, summaries, précis, citations, etc.; Commonly used abbreviations in the theses and research communications;
- Illustrations, photographs and drawings with suitable captions; pagination, numbering of tables and illustrations;
- Writing of numbers and dates in scientific write-ups;
- Editing and proof-reading;
- Writing of a review article;
- Communication Skills Grammar (Tenses, parts of speech, clauses, punctuation marks);
- Error analysis (Common errors), Concord, Collocation, Phonetic symbols and transcription;
- Accentual pattern: Weak forms in connected speech;
- Participation in group discussion;
- Facing an interview;
- Presentation of scientific papers.

- Barnes and Noble. Robert C. (Ed.). 2005. Spoken English: Flourish Your Language.
- Chicago Manual of Style. 14th Ed. 1996. Prentice Hall of India.
- Collins' Cobuild English Dictionary. 1995.
- Harper Collins. Gordon HM and Walter JA. 1970. *Technical Writing*. 3rd Ed.
- Holt, Rinehart and Winston. Hornby AS. 2000. *Comp. Oxford Advanced Learner's Dictionary of Current English*. 6th Ed. Oxford University Press.
- James HS. 1994. *Handbook for Technical Writing*. NTC Business Books.
- Joseph G. 2000. *MLA Handbook for Writers of Research Papers*. 5th Ed. Affiliated East-West Press.
- Mohan K. 2005. Speaking English Effectively. MacMillan India.
- Richard WS. 1969. Technical Writing.
- Sethi J and Dhamija PV. 2004. *Course in Phonetics and Spoken English*. 2nd Ed. Prentice Hall of India.
- Wren PC and Martin H. 2006. *High School English Grammar and Composition*. S. Chand & Co.

Detailed syllabus M.SC. (Ag) PLANT PATHOLOGY

Ist**SEMSTER**

(PPA 501*) - Principles of Plant Pathology 3 (2+1)

Theory:

UnitI

Importance, definitions and concepts of plant diseases, history and growth of plant pathology, bioticandabiotic causes of plant diseases.

UnitII

Growth, reproduction, survival and dispersal of important plant pathogens, role of environmentandhostnutritionondiseasedevelopment.

UnitIII

Host parasite interaction, recognition concept and infection, symptomatology, disease development- role of enzymes, toxins, growth regulators; defense strategies- oxidative burst; Phenolics, Phytoalexins, PR proteins, Elicitors. Altered plant metabolism as affectedbyplantpathogens.

UnitIV

Genetics of resistance; 'R' genes; mechanism of genetic variation in pathogens; molecular basis for resistance; marker-assisted selection; genetic engineering for diseaseresistance.

Practical

- Basicplantpathologicaltechniques;
- Isolation,inoculationandpurificationofplantpathogensandprovingKoch's postulates:
- Techniquestostudyvariabilityindifferentplant pathogens;
- Purification of enzymes, toxins and their bioassay;
- Estimation of growth regulators, phenols, phytoalexins in resistant and susceptible plants.

- AgriosGN.2005. *PlantPathology*. 5thEd. AcademicPress, New York.
- Heitefuss R and Williams PH. 1976. *Physiological Plant Pathology*. Springer Verlag, Berlin, New York.
- Mehrotra RS and Aggarwal A. 2003. Plant Pathology. 2nd Ed. Oxford &IBH, New Delhi. Singh RP. 2012. Plant Pathology 2ndedn. Kalyani Publishers, New Delhi.
- Singh RS. 2017. Introduction to Principles of Plant Pathology. 5thedn. MedTech, NewDelhi.
 - SinghDPandSinghA.2007. Disease and Insect Resistance in Plants. Oxford & IBH, New Delhi.
- Upadhyay RK. and Mukherjee KG. 1997. *Toxins in Plant Disease Development and Evolving Biotechnology*. Oxford & IBH, New Delhi.

(PPA 502*) Mycology 3 (2+1)

Theory

UnitI

Introduction, definition of different terms, basic concepts. Importance of mycologyin agriculture, relation of fungi to human affairs. History of mycology. Importanceof culture collection and herbarium of fungi. Somatic characters and reproductionin fungi. Modern concept of nomenclature and classification, Classification of kingdom fungi:Stramenopila andProtists.

UnitII

The general characteristics of protists and life cycle in the Phyla Plasmodiophoromycota, Dictyosteliomycota, Acrasiomycota and Myxomycota. Kingdom Stramenopila: characters and life cycles of respective genera under Hypochytriomycota, Oomycota and Labyrinthulomycota.

UnitIII

Kingdom fungi: General characters, ultrastructure and life cycle patterns in representative genera under Chytridiomycota, Zygomycota, Ascomycota; Archiascomycetes, Ascomycetous yeasts, Pyrenomycetes, Plectomycetes, Discomycetes, Loculoascomycetes, Erysiphales and anamorphs of ascomycetous fungi.

UnitIV

Basidiomycota; general characters, mode of reproduction, types of basidiocarps and economic importance of Hymenomycetes. Uridinales and Ustilaginales; variability,

hostspecificityandlifecyclepatterninrustsandsmuts.Mitosporicfungi;status of asexual fungi, their teliomorphic relationships, Molecular characterization of plantpathogenicfungi.

Practical

- Detailed comparative study of different groups of fungi;
- Collection of cultures and live specimens;
- Saccardoan classification and classification based on conidiogenesis;
- Vegetative structures and different types of fruiting bodies produced by slimemolds, stramenopiles and true fungi;
- Myxomycotina: Fructification, plasmodiocarp, sporangia, plasmodium and aethalia. Oomycota;
- Somatic and reproductory structures of *Pythium*, *Phytophthora*, downy mildews and *Albugo*, Zygomycetes: Sexual and asexual structures of *Mucor*, *Rhizopus*, General characters of VAM fungi. Ascomycetes; fruiting structures, Erysiphales, and Eurotiales;
- General identification characters of Pyrenomycetes, Discomycetes, Loculoascomycetes and Laboulbenio-mycetes, Basidiomycetes; characters, ultrastructures and life cycle patterns in Ustilaginomycetes and Teliomycetes, Deuteromycetes;
- Characters of Hyphomycetes and Coelomycetes and their teliomorphic and anamorphic states, Collection, preservation, culturing and identification of plant parasitic fungi;
- Application of molecular approaches and techniques for identification of

Suggested Reading

- Ainsworth GC, Sparrow FK and Susman HS. 1973. *The Fungi An Advanced Treatise*. Vol. IV (A & B). Academic Press, New York.
- Alexopoulos CJ, Mims CW and Blackwell M.2000. *Introductory Mycology*. 5th Ed. John Wiley & Sons, New York.
- Maheshwari R. 2016. Fungi: Experimental Methods in Biology 2nd edn. CRC Press, US. Mehrotra RS and Arneja KR. 1990. An Introductory Mycology. Wiley Eastern, New Delhi. Sarbhoy AK. 2000. Text book of Mycology. ICAR, New Delhi.
- Singh RS. 1982. Plant Pathogens The Fungi. Oxford & IBH, New Delhi.
- Webster J. 1980. *Introduction to Fungi*. 2nd Ed. Cambridge Univ. Press, Cambridge, New York.

(PPA 503*) PlantPathogenic Prokaryotes 3 (2+1)

Theory:

Unit I

Prokaryotic cell: History and development of Plant bacteriology, history of plant bacteriology in India. Evolution of prokaryotic life, Prokaryotic cytoskeletal proteins. Structure of bacterial cell. Structure and composition of gram negative and gram positive cell wall; synthesis of peptidoglycan; Surface proteins; Lipopolysaccaride structure; Membrane transport; fimbrae and pili (Type IV pili); Mechanism of flagellar rotatory motor and locomotion, and bacterial movement; Glycocalyx (Slayer; capsule); the bacterial chromosomes and plasmids; Operon and other structures in cytoplasm; Morphological feature of fastidious bacteria, spiroplasmas and Phytoplasmas.

Unit II

Growth and nutritional requirements. Infection mechanism, role of virulence factors in expression of symptoms. Survival and dispersal of phytopathogenic prokaryotes.

Unit III

Taxonomy of phytopathogenic prokarya: Taxonomic ranks hierarchy; Identification, Classification and nomenclature of bacteria, phytoplasma and spiroplasma. The codes of Nomenclature and characteristics. Biochemical and molecular characterization of phytopathogenic prokaryotes.

Unit IV

Variability among phytopathogenic prokarya: general mechanism of variability (mutation); specialized mechanisms of variability (sexual like process in bacteria-conjugation; transformation; transduction); and horizontal gene transfer.

Unit V

Bacteriophages, L form of bacteria, plasmids and bdellovibrios: Structure; Infection of host cells; phage multiplication cycle; Classification of phages, Use of phages in plant pathology/ bacteriology, Lysogenic conversion; H Plasmids and their types, plasmid borne phenotypes.Introduction to bacteriocins. Strategies for management of diseases caused by phytopathogenic prokaryotes.

Practical

- Study of symptoms produced by phytopathogenic prokaryotes;
- Isolation, enumeration, purification, identification and host inoculation of phytopathogenic bacteria;
- Stains and staining methods;
- Biochemical and serological characterization;
- Isolation of genomic DNA plasmid;
- Use of antibacterial chemicals/ antibiotics;
- Isolation of fluorescent *Pseudomonas*:
- Preservation of bacterial cultures;
- Identification of prokaryotic organisms by using 16S rDNA, and other gene sequences;
- Diagnosis and management of important diseases caused by bacteria and mollicutes.

Suggested Reading

- Goto M. 1990. Fundamentals of Plant Bacteriology. Academic Press, New York
- Jayaraman J and Verma JP. 2002. Fundamentals of Plant Bacteriology. Kalyani Publishers, Ludhiana.
- Mount MS and Lacy GH. 1982. *Phytopathogenic Prokaryotes*. Vols. I, II Academic Press, New York.
- Salle AJ. 1979. Fundamental Principles of Bacteriology 7th edn.
- Verma JP, Varma A and Kumar D. (Eds). 1995. *Detection of Plant Pathogens and their Management*. Angkor Publ., New Delhi.

(AST 501) Experimental Designs 3(2+1)

Theory

Unit I

Need for designing of experiments, characteristics of a good design. Basic principles of designs- randomization, replication and local control.

Unit II

Uniformity trials, size and shape of plots and blocks, Analysis of variance, Completelyrandomized design, randomized block design and Latin square design.

Unit III

Factorial experiments, (symmetrical as well as asymmetrical). orthogonality and partitioning of degrees of freedom. Concept of confounding.

Unit IV

Split plot and strip plot designs, analysis of covariance and missing plot techniquesin randomized block and Latin square designs; Transformations, BalancedIncomplete Block Design, resolvable designs and their applications, Lattice design, alpha design - concepts, randomization procedure, analysis and interpretation of results. Response surfaces. Combined analysis.

Practical

- Uniformity trial data analysis, formation of plots and blocks, Fairfield Smith Law, Analysis of data obtained from CRD, RBD, LSD, Analysis of factorial experiments,
- Analysis with missing data,
- Split plot and strip plot designs.

- Cochran WG and Cox GM. 1957. Experimental Designs. 2nd Ed. John Wiley.
- Dean AM and Voss D. 1999. Design and Analysis of Experiments. Springer.
- Montgomery DC. 2012. Design and Analysis of Experiments, 8th Ed. John Wiley.
- Federer WT. 1985. Experimental Designs. MacMillan.
- Fisher RA. 1953. Design and Analysis of Experiments. Oliver & Boyd.
- Nigam AK and Gupta VK. 1979. *Handbook on Analysis of Agricultural Experiments*.IASRIPubl.
- Pearce SC. 1983. The Agricultural Field Experiment: A Statistical Examination of Theory and Practice. John Wiley.
- www.drs.icar.gov.in.

(PGS 501) BASIC CONCEPTS IN LABORATORY TECHNIQUES 1(0+1) Practical

- Safety measures while in Lab;
- Handling of chemical substances;
- Use of burettes, pipettes, measuring cylinders, flasks, separatory funnel, condensers, micropipettes and vaccupets;
- Washing, drying and sterilization of glassware;
- Drying of solvents/ chemicals;
- Weighing and preparation of solutions of different strengths and their dilution;
- Handling techniques of solutions;
- Preparation of different agro-chemical doses in field and pot applications;
- Preparation of solutions of acids;
- Neutralisation of acid and bases;
- Preparation of buffers of different strengths and pH values;
- Use and handling of microscope, laminar flow, vacuum pumps, viscometer, thermometer, magnetic stirrer, micro-ovens, incubators, sandbath, waterbath, oilbath
- Electric wiring and earthing;
- Preparation of media and methods of sterilization;
- Seed viability testing, testing of pollen viability;
- Tissue culture of crop plants;
- Description of flowering plants in botanical terms in relation to taxonomy.

Suggested Readings

- Furr AK. 2000. CRC Hand Book of Laboratory Safety. CRC Press
- Gabb MH and Latchem WE. 1968. *A Handbook of Laboratory Solutions*. Chemical Publ. Co.

(PGS 502) Intellectual Property and Its Management In Agriculture 1(1+0)

Theory

Historical perspectives and need for the introduction of Intellectual Property Rightregime; TRIPs and various provisions in TRIPS Agreement; Intellectual Propertyand Intellectual Property Rights (IPR), benefits of securing IPRs; Indian Legislationsfor the protection of various types of Intellectual Properties; Fundamentals ofpatents, copyrights, geographical indications, designs and layout, trade secrets andtraditional knowledge, trademarks, protection of plant varieties and farmers' rightsand biodiversity protection; Protectable subject matters, protection in biotechnology,protection of other biological materials, ownership and period of protection; NationalBiodiversity protection initiatives; Convention on Biological Diversity; InternationalTreaty on Plant Genetic Resources for Food and Agriculture; Licensing oftechnologies, Material transfer agreements, Research

collaboration Agreement, License Agreement.

- Erbisch FH and Maredia K.1998. *Intellectual Property Rights in Agricultural Biotechnology*. CABI.
- Ganguli P. 2001. *Intellectual Property Rights: Unleashing Knowledge Economy*. McGraw-Hill.
- Intellectual Property Rights: Key to New Wealth Generation. 2001. NRDC and Aesthetic Technologies.
- Ministry of Agriculture, Government of India. 2004. *State of Indian Farmer*. Vol. V.Technology Generation and IPR Issues. Academic Foundation.
- Rothschild M and Scott N. (Ed.). 2003. *Intellectual Property Rights in Animal Breeding and Genetics*. CABI.
- Saha R. (Ed.). 2006. Intellectual Property Rights in NAM and Other Developing Countries: A Compendium on Law and Policies. Daya Publ. House.
- The Indian Acts Patents Act, 1970 and amendments; Design Act, 2000; Trademarks
- Act, 1999; The Copyright Act, 1957 and amendments; Layout Design Act, 2000;
- PPV and FR Act 2001, and Rules 2003; The Biological Diversity Act, 2002.

(PPA 504*) <u>IIndSEMESTER</u> Plant Virolog

Plant Virology 3(2+1)

Theory Unit I

History and economic significances of plant viruses. General and morphological characters, composition and structure of viruses. Myco-viruses, arbo and baculo viruses, satellite viruses, satellite RNAs, phages, viroids and prions. Origin and evolution of viruses and their nomenclature and classification.

Unit II

Genome organization, replication in selected groups of plant viruses and their movement in host. Response of the host to virus infection: biochemical, physiological, and symptomatical changes. Transmission of viruses and virus-vector relationship. Isolation and purification of viruses.

Unit III

Detection and identification of plant viruses by using protein and nucleic acid based diagnostic techniques. Natural (R-genes) and engineering resistance to plant viruses.

Unit IV

Virus epidemiology and ecology (spread of plant viruses in fields, host range and survival). Management of diseases caused by plant viruses.

Practical

- Study of symptoms caused by plant viruses (followed by field visit);
- Isolation and biological purification of plant virus cultures;
- Bioassay of virus cultures on indicator plants and host differentials;
- Transmission of plant viruses (Mechanical, graft and vector and study of disease development);
- Plant virus purification (clarification, concentration, centrifugation, high resolution separation and analysis of virions), Electron microscopy for studying viral particle morphology;
- Antisera production, Detection and diagnosis of plant viruses with serological (ELISA), nucleic acid (Non-PCR-LAMP, Later flow micro array and PCR based techniques);
- Exposure to basic bio-informatic tools for viral genome analysis and their utilization in developing detection protocols and population studies (BLASTn tool, Primer designing software, Bioedit tool, Claustal X/W, MEGA Software).

- Bos L. 1964. Symptoms of Virus Diseases in Plants. Oxford & IBH., New Delhi.
- Brunt AA, Krabtree K, Dallwitz MJ, Gibbs AJ and Watson L. 1995. *Virus of Plants: Descriptions and Lists from VIDE Database*. CABI, Wallington.
- Gibbs A and Harrison B. 1976. *Plant Virology The Principles*. Edward Arnold, London. Hull
- R. 2002. *Mathew's Plant Virology*. 4th Ed. Academic Press, New York.
- Noordam D. 1973. *Identification of Plant Viruses, Methods and Experiments*. Oxford & IBH, New Delhi.
- Wilson C. 2014. Applied Plant Virology. CABI Publishing England.

Unit I

Characteristics of Phylum Nematoda and its relationship with other related phyla, history and growth of Nematology; nematode habitats and diversity- plant, animal and human parasites; useful nematodes; economic importance of nematodes to agriculture, horticulture and forestry.

Unit II

Gross morphology of plant parasitic nematodes; broad classification, nematode biology, physiology and ecology.

Unit III

Types of parasitism; nature of damage and general symptomatology; interaction of plant-parasitic nematodes with other organisms.

Unit IV

Plant nematode relationships, cellular responses to infection by important phytonematodes; physiological specialization among phytonematodes.

Unit V

Principles and practices of nematode management; integrated nematode management.

Unit VI

Emerging nematode problems, Importance of nematodes in international trade and quarantine.

Practical

- Studies on kinds of nematodes- free-living, animal, insect and plant parasites;
- Nematode extraction from soil;
- Extraction of migratory endoparasites, staining for sedentary endoparasites;
- Examination of different life stages of important plant parasitic nematodes, their symptoms and histopathology.

- Dropkin VH. 1980. An Introduction to Plant Nematology. John Wiley & Sons, New York. Maggenti AR. 1981. General Nematology. Springer-Verlag, New York.
- Perry RN and Moens M. 2013. Plant Nematology. 2nd Ed. CABI Publishing: Wallingford, UK. Perry RN, Moens M, and Starr JL. 2009. Root-knot nematodes, CABI Publishing: Wallingford, UK.
- Sikora RA, Coyne D, Hallman J and Timper P. 2018. *Plant Parasitic Nematodes in Subtropical and Tropical Agriculture*.3rd edn. CABI Publishing, England.
- Thorne G. 1961. *Principles of Nematology*. McGraw Hill, New Delhi.
- Walia RK and Bajaj HK. 2003. Text Book on Introductory Plant Nematology. ICAR, New Delhi. Walia RK and Khan MR. 2018. A Compendium of Nematode Diseases of Crop Plants, ICAR-
- AICRP (Nematodes), IARI, New Delhi.

Unit I

Concept of biological control, definitions, importance, principles of plant disease management with bioagents, history of biological control, merits and demerits of biological control.

Unit II

Types of biological interactions, competition: mycoparasitism, exploitation for hypovirulence, rhizosphere colonization, competitive saprophytic ability, antibiosis, induced resistance, mycorrhizal associations, operational mechanisms and its relevance in biological control.

Unit III

Factors governing biological control, role of physical environment, agroecosystem, operational mechanisms and cultural practices in biological control of pathogens, pathogens and antagonists and their relationship, biocontrol agents, comparative approaches to biological control of plant pathogens by resident and introduced antagonists, control of soil-borne and foliar diseases. Compatibility of bioagents with agrochemicals and other antagonistic microbes.

Unit IV

Commercial production of antagonists, their delivery systems, application and monitoring, biological control in IDM, IPM and organic farming system, biopesticides available in market. Quality control system of biocontrol agents.

Practical

- Isolation, characterization and maintenance of antagonists, methods of study of antagonism and antibiosis, application of antagonists against pathogen *in-vitro* and *in vivo* conditions:
- Preparation of different formulations of selected bioagents and their mass production;
- Quality parameters of biocontrol agents;
- One week exposure visit to commercial biocontrol agents production unit.

Suggested Reading

- Campbell R. 1989. *Biological Control of Microbial Plant Pathogens*. Cambridge Univ. Press, Cambridge.
- Cook RJ and Baker KF. 1983. *Nature and Practice of Biological Control of Plant Pathogens*.
- APS, St. Paul, Minnesota.
- Fokkemma MJ. 1986. *Microbiology of the Phyllosphere*. Cambridge Univ. Press, Cambridge. Gnanamanickam SS (Eds). 2002. *Biological Control of Crop Diseases*. CRC Press, Florida. Heikki MT and Hokkanen James M. (Eds.). 1996. *Biological Control Benefits and Risks*.
- Cambridge Univ. Press, Cambridge.
- Mukerji KG, Tewari JP, Arora DK and Saxena G. 1992. *Recent Developments in Biocontrol of Plant Diseases*. Aditya Books, New Delhi.

(AST 502) Data Analysis Using Statistical Packages 3(2+1)

Theory

Unit I

Introduction to various statistical packages: Excel, R, SAS, SPSS. Data Preparation; Descriptive statistics; Graphical representation of data, Exploratory data analysis. **Unit II**

Test for normality; Testing of hypothesis using chi-square, t and F statistics and Z-test.

Unit III

Data preparation for ANOVA and ANCOVA, Factorial Experiments, contrastanalysis, multiple comparisons, Analyzing crossed and nested classified designs.

Unit IV

Analysis of mixed models; Estimation of variance components; Correlation andregression analysis, Probit, Logit and Tobit Models.

Unit V

Discriminant function; Factor analysis; Principal component analysis; Analysis oftime series data, Fitting of non-linear models; Neural networks.

Practical

- Use of software packages for summarization and tabulation of data, obtaining descriptive statistics, graphical representation of data
- Testing the hypothesis for one sample *t*-test, two sample *t*-test, paired *t*-test, test for large samples Chi-squares test, F test, one-way analysis of variance;
- Designs for Factorial Experiments, fixed effect models, random effect models, mixed effect models, estimation of variance components;
- Linear regression, Multiple regression, Regression plots
- Discriminant analysis fitting of discriminant functions, identification of important variables
- Factor analysis. Principal component analysis obtaining principal component.

- Anderson C.W. and Loynes R.M. 1987. *The Teaching of Practical Statistics*. John Wiley.
- Atkinson A.C. 1985. *Plots Transformations and Regression*. Oxford University Press.
- Chambers J.M., Cleveland W.S., Kleiner B and Tukey P.A. 1983. *Graphical Methods for Data Analysis*. Wadsworth, Belmount, California.
- Chatfield C. 1983. *Statistics for Technology*. 3rd Ed. Chapman & Hall. Chatfield C. 1995. *Problem Solving: A Statistician's Guide*. Chapman & Hall.
- Cleveland W.S. 1985. *The Elements of Graphing Data*. Wadsworth, Belmont, California.
- Ehrenberg ASC. 1982. A Primer in Data Reduction. John Wiley.
- Erickson B.H. and Nosanchuk T.A. 1992. *Understanding Data*. 2nd Ed. Open University Press, Milton Keynes.
- Snell E.J. and Simpson HR. 1991. *Applied Statistics: A Handbook of GENSTAT Analyses*. Chapman and Hall.
- Sprent P. 1993. *Applied Non-parametric Statistical Methods*. 2nd Ed. Chapman & Hall.
- Tufte ER. 1983. *The Visual Display of Quantitative Information*. Graphics Press, Cheshire, Conn.
- Velleman PF and Hoaglin DC. 1981. Application, Basics and Computing of Exploratory Data Analysis. Duxbury Press.
- Weisberg S. 1985. Applied Linear Regression. John Wiley.
- Wetherill GB. 1982. Elementary Statistical Methods. Chapman & Hall.

(PGS 503)- Agricultural Research, Research Ethics and RuralDevelopment Programmes 1 (1+0)

Theory: UNIT I

History of agriculture in brief; Global agricultural research system: need, scope, opportunities; Role in promoting food security, reducing poverty and protectingthe environment; National Agricultural Research Systems (NARS) and Regional Agricultural Research Institutions; Consultative Group on International Agricultural Research (CGIAR): International Agricultural Research Centres (IARC), partnershipwith NARS, role as a partner in the global agricultural research system, strengthening capacities at national and regional levels; International fellowships for scientific mobility.

UNIT II

Research ethics: research integrity, research safety in laboratories, welfareof animals used in research, computer ethics, standards and problems in researchethics.

UNIT III

Concept and connotations of rural development, rural development policies and strategies. Rural development programmes: Community DevelopmentProgramme, Intensive Agricultural District Programme, Special group – AreaSpecific Programme, Integrated Rural Development Programme (IRDP) PanchayatiRaj Institutions, Co-operatives, Voluntary Agencies/ Non-GovernmentalOrganisations. Critical evaluation of rural development policies and programmes. Constraints in implementation of rural policies and programmes.

Suggested Readings

- Bhalla GS and Singh G. 2001. *Indian Agriculture Four Decades of Development*. Sage Publ.
- Punia MS. *Manual on International Research and Research Ethics*. CCS Haryana Agricultural University, Hisar.
- Rao BSV. 2007. Rural Development Strategies and Role of Institutions Issues, Innovations and Initiatives. Mittal Publ.
- Singh K. 1998. Rural Development Principles, Policies and Management. SagePubl.

(PGS 504)-Library and Information Services 1(0+1)

Practical

Introduction to library and its services; Role of libraries in education, research andtechnology transfer; Classification systems and organization of library; Sources ofinformation- Primary Sources, Secondary Sources and Tertiary Sources; Intricacies of abstracting and indexing services (Science Citation Index, Biological Abstracts, Chemical Abstracts, CABI Abstracts, etc.); Tracing information from referencesources; Literature survey; Citation techniques/ Preparation of bibliography; Useof CD-ROM Databases, Online Public Access Catalogue and other computerizedlibrary services; Use of Internet including search engines and its resources; eresourcesaccess methods.

III SEMESTER

(PPA 507*) Diseases of Field and Medicinal Crops 3 (2+1)

Unit I

Diseases of Cereal crops- Rice, wheat, barley, pearl millet, sorghum and maize.

Unit II

Diseases of Pulse crops- Gram, urdbean, mungbean, lentil, pigeonpea, soybean andcowpea.

Unit III

Diseases of Oilseed crops- Rapeseed and mustard, sesame, linseed, sunflower, groundnut, castor.

Unit IV

Diseases of Cash crops- Cotton, sugarcane.

Unit V

Diseases of Fodder legume crops- Berseem, oats, guar, lucerne.

Unit VI

Medicinal crops- *Plantago*, liquorice, mulathi, rosagrass, sacred basil, mentha, ashwagandha, *Aloe vera*.

Practical

- Detailed study of symptoms and host parasite relationship of important diseasesof above mentioned crops;
- Collection and dry preservation of diseased specimens of important crops.

Suggested Reading

- Joshi LM, Singh DV and Srivastava KD. 1984. *Problems and Progress of Wheat Pathology in South Asia*. Malhotra Publ. House, New Delhi.
- Rangaswami G. 1999. *Diseases of Crop Plants in India*. 4th Ed. Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi.
- Ricanel C, Egan BT, Gillaspie Jr AG and Hughes CG. 1989. *Diseases of Sugarcane, Major Diseases*. Academic Press, New York.
- Singh RS. 2017. Plant Diseases. 10th Ed. Medtech, New Delhi.
- Singh US, Mukhopadhyay AN, Kumar J and Chaube HS. 1992. *Plant Diseases of International Importance*. Vol. I. *Diseases of Cereals and Pulses*. Prentice Hall, Englewood Cliffs, New Jersey.

(PPA 508*) Techniques in Detection and Diagnosis of PlantDiseases 2 (0+2) Practical

Detection of plant pathogens 1. Based on visual symptoms, 2. Biochemical test 3 Using microscopic techniques, 4. Cultural studies; (use of selective media to isolate pathogens). 5. Biological assays (indicator hosts, differential hosts) 6. Serological assays 7. Nucleic acid based techniques (Non-PCR-LAMP, Later flow microarray and PCR based-multiplex, nested, qPCR, immune capture PCR, etc.);

- Phenotypic and genotypic tests for identification of plant pathogens;
- Molecular identification (16S rDNA and 16s-23S rDNA intergenic spacer region sequences-prokaryotic organisms; and eukaryotic organism by ITS region) and whole genome sequencing;
- Volatile compounds profiling by using GC-MS and LC-MS;
- FAME analysis, Fluorescence *in-situ* Hybridization (FISH), Flow Cytometry, Phage display technique, biosensors for detection of plant pathogens;
- Genotypic tools such as genome/ specific gene sequence homology comparison by BLAST (NCBI and EMBL) and electron microscopy techniques of plant virus

detection and diagnosis.

Suggested Reading

- Baudoin ABAM, Hooper GR, Mathre DE and Carroll RB. 1990. *Laboratory Exercises in Plant Pathology: An Instructional Kit.* Scientific Publ., Jodhpur.
- Dhingra OD and Sinclair JB. 1986. *Basic Plant Pathology Methods*. CRC Press, London, Tokyo. Fox RTV. 1993. *Principles of Diagnostic Techniques in Plant Pathology*, CABI Wallington. Forster D and Taylor SC. 1998. *Plant Virology Protocols: From Virus Isolation to Transgenic*
- Resistance. Methods in Molecular Biology. Humana Press, Totowa, New Jersey.
- Mathews REF. 1993. *Diagnosis of Plant Virus Diseases*. CRC Press, Boca Raton, Tokyo. Matthews REF. 1993. *Diagnosis of Plant Virus Diseases*. CRC Press, Florida.
- Noordam D. 1973. *Identification of Plant Viruses, Methods and Experiments*. Cent. Agic. Pub.
- Doc. Wageningen.
- Pathak VN. 1984. Laboratory Manual of Plant Pathology. Oxford & IBH, New Delhi. Trigiano RN, Windham MT and Windham AS. 2004. Plant Pathology-Concepts and Laboratory
- Exercises. CRC Press, Florida. Chakravarti BP. 2005. Methods of Bacterial Plant Pathology. Agrotech, Udaipur.

(PPA 509) Diseases of Vegetable and Spices Crops 3(2+1)

Theory Unit I

Nature, prevalence, factors affecting disease development of tuber, bulb, leafyvegetable, crucifers, cucurbits and solanaceaous vegetables. Diseases of crops underprotected cultivation.

Unit II

Symptoms and management of diseases of different root, tuber, bulb, leafyvegetables, crucifers, cucurbits and solanaceaous vegetable crops.

Unit III

Symptoms, epidemiology and management of diseases of different spice crops suchas black pepper, nutmeg, saffron, cumin, coriander, turmeric, fennel, fenugreek and ginger. Biotechnological approaches in developing disease resistant transgenics.

Practical

Detailed study of symptoms and host pathogen interaction of important diseasesof vegetableand spice crops.

- Chaube HS, Singh US, Mukhopadhyay AN and Kumar J. 1992. *Plant Diseases of International Importance*. Vol. II. *Diseases of Vegetable and Oilseed Crops*. Prentice Hall, EnglewoodCliffs, New Jersey.
- Gupta VK and Paul YS. 2001. *Diseases of Vegetable Crops*. Kalyani Publishers, New Delhi
- Gupta SK and Thind TS. 2006. *Disease Problem in Vegetable Production*. Scientific Publ., Jodhpur.
- Sherf AF and Mcnab AA. 1986. Vegetable Diseases and their Control. Wiley Inter Science,
- Columbia.
- Singh RS. 1999. Diseases of Vegetable Crops. Oxford & IBH, New Delhi.
- Walker JC. 1952. *Diseases of Vegetable Crops*. McGraw-Hill, New York

(PPA 510) Chemicals and Botanicals in Plant Disease Management 3(2+1) Theory:

Unit I

History and development of chemicals; definition of pesticides and related terms; advantages and disadvantages of chemicals and botanicals.

Unit II

Classification of chemicals used in plant disease management and their characteristics.

Unit III

Chemicals in plant disease control, viz., fungicides, bactericides, nematicides, antiviral chemicals and botanicals. Issues related to label claim.

Unit IV

Formulations, mode of action and application of different fungicides; chemotherapy and phytotoxicity of fungicides.

Unit V

Handling, storage and precautions to be taken while using fungicides; compatibility with other agrochemicals, persistence, cost-benefit ratio, factor affecting fungicides. New generation fungicides and composite formulations of pesticides.

Unit VI

Efficacy of different botanicals used and their mode of action. Important botanicals used against diseases. General account of plant protection appliances; environmental pollution, residues and health hazards, fungicidal resistance in plant pathogens and its management.

Practicals:

- Acquaintance with formulation of different fungicides and plant protection appliances;
- Formulation of fungicides, bactericides and nematicides;
- *In-vitro* evaluation techniques, preparation of different concentrations of chemicals including botanical pesticides against pathogens;
- Persistence, compatibility with other agro-chemicals;
- Detection of naturally occurring fungicide resistant mutants of pathogen;
- Methods of application of chemicals.

Suggested Reading:

- Bindra OS and Singh H. 1977. Pesticides And Application Equipment. Oxford & IBH, New Delhi. Nene YL and Thapliyal PN. 1993. Fungicides in Plant Disease Control. 3rd edn. Oxford & IBH, New Delhi.
- Torgeson DC. (Ed.). 1969. Fungicides. Vol. II. An Advanced Treatise. Academic Press, New York. Vyas SC. 1993. Handbook of Systemic Fungicides. Vols. I-III. Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi.

(PGS 505) Technical Writing and Communications Skills 1(0+1) Practical (Technical Writing)

- Various forms of scientific writings- theses, technical papers, reviews, manuals, etc.;
- Various parts of thesis and research communications (title page, authorship contents page, preface, introduction, review of literature, material and methods, experimental results and discussion);
- Writing of abstracts, summaries, précis, citations, etc.; Commonly used abbreviations in the theses and research communications;
- Illustrations, photographs and drawings with suitable captions; pagination, numbering of tables and illustrations;
- Writing of numbers and dates in scientific write-ups;

- Editing and proof-reading;
- Writing of a review article;
- Communication Skills Grammar (Tenses, parts of speech, clauses, punctuation marks);
- Error analysis (Common errors), Concord, Collocation, Phonetic symbols and transcription;
- Accentual pattern: Weak forms in connected speech;
- Participation in group discussion;
- Facing an interview;
- Presentation of scientific papers.

- Barnes and Noble. Robert C. (Ed.). 2005. Spoken English: Flourish Your Language.
- Chicago Manual of Style. 14th Ed. 1996. Prentice Hall of India.
- Collins' Cobuild English Dictionary. 1995.
- Harper Collins. Gordon HM and Walter JA. 1970. Technical Writing. 3rd Ed.
- Holt, Rinehart and Winston. Hornby AS. 2000. *Comp. Oxford Advanced Learner's Dictionary of Current English*. 6th Ed. Oxford University Press.
- James HS. 1994. *Handbook for Technical Writing*. NTC Business Books.
- Joseph G. 2000. *MLA Handbook for Writers of Research Papers*. 5th Ed. Affiliated East-West Press.
- Mohan K. 2005. Speaking English Effectively. MacMillan India.
- Richard WS. 1969. Technical Writing.
- Sethi J and Dhamija PV. 2004. Course in Phonetics and Spoken English. 2nd Ed. Prentice Hall of India.
- Wren PC and Martin H. 2006. *High School English Grammar and Composition*. S. Chand & Co.